

NEWSPA

LEGISLATORS TO KNOW ALL FACTS OF ANY TREATIES

President in Address to Congress Says Trip to Europe Is Duty to Heroes.

ASKS AID OF NATION

Declares Many Important Problems Must Be Solved by Lawmakers.

PLANS FOR RECONSTRUCTION

Failure of Cables, He Says, Aids in Keeping Members of Congress Posted on Parleys — Favors Federal Control of Railroads—Will Insist on World Justice at Peace Conference.

Washington.—In his address before congress, in joint session President Wilson formally announced his intention to go to Paris for the peace conference, saying the allied governments will accept principles formulated by him for peace and it is his paramount duty to be present.

The president said he will be in close touch by cable and wireless and that congress will know all that he does on the other side.

Referring to his announcement that the French and British governments had requested him to accept restrictions upon the transmission of news of the conference to America, the president said, he had taken over the American cable system, on export advice, so as to make a unified system available.

The president said he hoped to see a formal declaration of peace by treaty "by the time you hear this." He expressed the hope that he would have the co-operation of the public and of congress, saying through the cables and wireless constant counsel and advice would be possible.

Takes Up Railroad Problems. Much of the address was devoted to the railroad problem, for which the president said he now had no solution to offer. He recommended careful study by congress, saying it would be a disservice to the country and to the railroads to permit a return to old conditions under private management without modifications.

The president declared he stood ready to release the railroads from government control whenever a satisfactory plan of readjustment could be worked out.

No Reconstruction Plans Yet. No definite program of reconstruction can be outlined now, Mr. Wilson said, but as soon as the armistice was signed government control of business and industry was released as far as possible. He expressed the hope that congress would not object to transferring from the war time board or some other agency the right of fixing export priorities to assure shipment of food to starving people abroad.

As to taxation, the president indicated the plan for levying \$6,000,000,000 in 1919 and for notifying the public in advance that the 1920 levy will be \$2,000,000,000.

The new three-year naval building program was endorsed because, the president said, it would be unwise to attempt to adjust the American program to a future world policy as yet undetermined.

Again Urges Votes for Women. Paying tribute to the patriotism of the work of women and again appealing for woman suffrage by federal amendment.

Declaring he had no "private thought or purpose in going to France, but that he regarded it as his highest duty," the president added: "It is now my duty to this great nation in parting, to say that the American soldiers offered their life's blood to obtain."

Text of President's Address. The president said: "Gentlemen of the congress: This year that has elapsed since I last stood before you to fulfill my constitutional duty to give to the congress from time to time information on the state of the Union has been so crowded with great events, great problems and great results that I cannot hope to do you an adequate picture of its transactions or of the far-reaching changes which have been wrought in the life of our nation and the world. You have yourselves witnessed these things, as I have. It is too soon to assess them; and we who stand in the midst of them and in part of them are less qualified than men of another generation will be to say what they mean or even what they have been. But some great outstanding facts are unmistakable and constitute in a sense part of the public business with which it is our duty to deal.

To state them is to set the stage for the legislative and executive action which must grow out of them and which we have yet to shape and determine.

Tells of Troop Shipments. A vast army has sent 1,450,018 men overseas. Since then we have sent 1,950,513, an average of 132,542 each month, the number in fact rising in May last to 245,651, in June to 278,760, in July to 307,182, and continuing to reach similar figures in August and September—in August 280,570 and in September 257,438.

No such movement of troops ever took place before, across 3,000 miles of sea, followed by adequate equipment and supplies, and carried safely through extraordinary dangers of attack—dangers which were alien, strange and infinitely more difficult to guard against. In all this movement only 738 men were lost by enemy attack—630 of whom were upon a single English transport which was sunk near the Orkney Islands.

I need not tell you what lay back of this great movement of men and material. It is not tedious to say that back of it lay a supporting organization of the industries of the country and of its productive activities more complete, more thorough in method and effective in results, more spirited and unanimous in purpose and effort than any other great achievement had ever been able to effect. We profited greatly by the experience of the nations which had already been engaged for nearly three years in the existing and existing hostilities, and we were taxed to the utmost. We were the pupils.

U. S. Learns Quickly. But we learned quickly and acted with a promptness and a readiness of co-operation that justify our great pride that we were able to serve the world with unparalleled energy and quick accomplishment. We learned that the physical scale and executive efficiency of preparation, supply, equipment and dispatch that I would draw upon, but the motto and quality of the officers and men we sent over and of the sailors who kept the seas, and the spirit of the nation that stood behind them, proved no soldiers or sailors ever proved so quickly ready for the test of battle or acquired themselves with more splendid courage and achievement when put to the test. Those of us who played some part in directing the great processes by which the war was pushed irresistibly forward to the final triumph may now look back at that time with delight and thought with the story of what our men did.

Why to Be Thankful. What we all thank God for with deepest gratitude is that our men went in force into the line of battle just at the critical moment when the whole fate of the world seemed to hang in the balance and that our fresh soldiers entered the ranks of freedom in time to turn the whole tide and sweep of the fearful struggle—turn it once for all, so that thenceforth it was back, back for their enemies, always back, never again forward! After that it was only a question of months before the commanders of the central empires knew that their defeat was now theirs and that their very empires are in liquidation.

And throughout it all how did the spirit of the nation was? What unity of purpose, what untiring zeal! What elevation of purpose can through all its splendid display of strength, its untiring accomplishment, I have said that those of us who stayed at home to do the work of the nation and supply the men whom we sustained by our labor; but we can never be ashamed. It has been an inspiring thing to be here in the midst of men who had turned aside from every private interest of their own and devoted the whole of their trained capacity to the cause that supplied the sinews of the whole world's undertaking! The patriotism, the unselfishness, the thoroughgoing devotion and distinguished capacity that marked their toilsome labors, day after day, month after month, have made them fit mates and comrades of the men in the trenches and on the sea. And not the men here in Washington, but the men here have directed the war's achievement.

Plan to Steady Business. For the steady and facilitation of our own domestic business readjustments nothing is more important than the immediate determination of the taxes that are to be levied for 1919, 1920 and 1921. As business has been lifted from business as sound methods of financing the government will permit, and those who conduct the great essential industries of the country must be told as exactly as possible what obligations to the government they will be expected to meet in the years immediately ahead of them.

It will be of serious consequence to the country to delay removing all uncertainties in this matter a single day longer than the right processes of debate justify. It is idle to talk of successful and confident business reconstruction before those uncertainties are removed.

Troops Must Stay in Europe. If the war has ended, it would have been necessary to raise at least \$5,000,000,000 by taxation, payable in the year 1919, but the war has ended and I agree with the secretary of the treasury that it will be safe to reduce the amount to \$6,000,000,000. An immediate rapid decline in the expenses of the war would be a disaster to the country. Contracts made for war supplies will, indeed, be rapidly canceled and liquidated, but their immediate liquidation will make heavy drains on the treasury to the months just ahead of us.

The maintenance of our forces on the other side of the sea is still necessary. A considerable proportion of

these forces must remain in Europe during the period of occupation, and those which are brought home will be transported and demobilized at heavy expense for months to come.

The interest on our war debt must, of course, be paid and provision made for the retirement of the obligations of the government which represent it. But these demands, will, of course, fall much below what a continuation of military operations would have entailed, and \$6,000,000,000 would suffice to supply a sound foundation for the financial operations of the year.

I entirely concur with the secretary of the treasury recommending that the \$2,000,000,000 needed in addition to the \$4,000,000,000 provided by existing law be obtained from the profits which have accrued and shall accrue from war contracts and distinctively war business, but that those taxes be confined to the war profits accruing in 1918, or in 1919, from business originating in war contracts.

Belgium. May I not say a special word about the needs of Belgium and northern France? No sums of money paid by the way of indemnity will serve of themselves to save them from hopeless disadvantage for years to come. Something more must be done than merely find the money. For they had money and materials in abundance to maintain their place in the industry of the world tomorrow—the very important place they held before the flame of war swept across them. Many of their factories are razed to the ground. Much of their machinery is destroyed or has been scattered away. Their people are scattered and many of their markets will be taken by others. If they are not in some special way assisted to rebuild their factories and replace their lost instruments of manufacture, they should not be able to compete with the materials and for industrial facilities which is now to set in. I hope, therefore, that the congress will not be unwilling if it should become necessary, to grant to some such agency as the war trade board the right to establish priority of export and supply for the benefit of these people whose needs have been so happy associated in the war against the central empires for the purpose of discussing with them the main features of the treaty of peace and the future of the world, that will attend the leaving the country, particularly at this time, but the conclusion that it was my paramount duty to go has been forced upon me by considerations which I hope will seem as conclusive to you as they have seemed to me.

New Policy Necessary. Some new element of policy, therefore, is absolutely necessary—necessary for the service of the public, necessary for the release of credit to those who are administering the railroads, necessary for the protection of their security holders. The old policy may be changed much or little, but surely it cannot wisely be left as it was.

I welcome this occasion to announce to the congress my purpose to join in Paris the representatives of the governments with which we have been associated in the war against the central empires for the purpose of discussing with them the main features of the treaty of peace and the future of the world, that will attend the leaving the country, particularly at this time, but the conclusion that it was my paramount duty to go has been forced upon me by considerations which I hope will seem as conclusive to you as they have seemed to me.

Accept U. S. Bases of Peace. The allied governments have accepted the basis of peace which I outlined to the congress on the 8th of January last, as the central empires also have, and very reasonably desire my personal counsel in their interpretation and application, and it is highly desirable that I should go to see that the sincere desire of our government to contribute without selfish purpose of any kind to settlements that will be of common benefit to all the nations concerned may be made fully manifest.

The peace settlements which are now to be agreed upon are of transcendent importance to us and to the rest of the world, and I know of no business or interest which should take precedence of them. The gallant men of our armed forces on land and sea have consciously fought for the ideals which they knew to be the ideals of their country; I have sought to express those ideals; they have accepted my statements as their own and have accepted them as the basis of their own thought and purpose, as the associated governments have accepted them; I owe it to them to see it so far as in me lies, that no false or mistaken interpretation is put upon them and no possible effort omitted to realize them.

It is now my duty to lay my full part in making good that they offered their life's blood to obtain. I can think of no call to service which could transcend this.

Praises War Agencies. Never before have there been agencies in existence in this country which knew so much of the field of supply, of labor and of industry as the war industries board, the war trade board, the war department, the food administration and the fuel administration have known since their labors became thoroughly systematized; and they have not been isolated agencies; they have been directed by men who represented the permanent departments of the government and so have been the centers of unified and co-operative action. It has been the policy of the government to have the armistice was assured (which is in effect a complete subordination of the enemy) to put the knowledge of these bodies at the disposal of the business men of the country and to offer their intelligent mediation at every point and in every matter where it was desired. It is surprising to see the process of return to a peace footing has moved in three weeks since the fighting stopped. It promises to outrun any inquiry that may be instituted and any aid that may be offered. It will not be easy, to direct it any better than it will direct itself. The American business man is of quick initiative and quick action. The normal processes of private initiative will not, however, provide immediate employment for all of the men of our returning armies. Those who are of trained capacity, those who have acquired familiarity with established businesses, those who are ready and willing to go to the front, all these groups are known, or will be sought out by employees who find no difficulty, it is safe to say, in finding place and employment. But

to face, therefore, with this unanswered question. What is right that we should do with the railroads in the interest of the public and in fairness to their owners?

Several Plans Will Be Serviceable for me to set forth as explicitly as possible the alternative courses that lie open to our choice. We can simply release the roads and go back to the old conditions of private management, unrestricted competition and multifarious regulation by both state and federal authorities; or we can go to the opposite extreme and establish complete government control, accompanied, if necessary, by actual government ownership; or we can adopt an intermediate course of modified private control, under a more unified and affirmative public regulation and under such alterations of the law as will permit wasteful competition to be avoided and a considerable degree of uniformity of administration to be effected, as, for example, by regional corporations under which the railways of a definable area would be in effect combined in single systems.

The one conclusion that I am ready to state with confidence is that it would be a disservice alike to the country and to the owners of the railroads to return to the old conditions unmodified. Those conditions are unduly restrictive without development. There is nothing alternative or helpful about them. What the country chiefly needs is that all its means of transportation should be developed, its railways, its waterways, its highways and its countryside roads.

Problem Economic One. So far as our domestic affairs are concerned the problem of our return to peace is a problem of economic and industrial readjustment. That problem is less serious for us than it may turn out to be for the disarranged nations which have suffered the disadvantages of the losses of war, more than we. Our people, moreover, do not wait to be consoled and led. They know their own business, are quick and resourceful at every readjustment, definite in purpose, and self-reliant in action.

While the war lasted we set up a machinery by which to direct the industries of the country in the services it was necessary for them to render, by which to make sure of an abundant supply of the materials needed, by which to check undertakings that could for the time be dispensed with and stimulated by the war, by which to serve the public in war, by which to gain for the purchasing departments of the government a certain control over the prices of essential articles and materials, by which to restrain trade with alien enemies, make the most of the available shipping, and systematize financial transactions, both public and private, so that there would be no unnecessary conflict or confusion by which, in short, to put every material energy of the country in harness to draw the common load and make of us one team in the accomplishment of a great task. But the moment we knew that the armistice had been signed we set upon which the government had kept its hand for fear there should not be enough for the industries that supplied the armies have been released and put into the general market again. Great industrial plants whose work output and machinery had been taken over by the government have been set free to return to the uses to which they were put before the war. It has not been possible to remove so readily or so quickly the control of foodstuffs and of shipping, because the world has still to be fed from its granaries and the ships are still needed to send supplies to other parts of the world. The men back as fast as the disturbed conditions on the other side of the water permit; but even there restraints are being relaxed as much as possible and more and more as the weeks go by.

I entirely concur with the secretary of the treasury in recommending that the four billions provided by existing law be obtained from the profits which have accrued and shall accrue from war contracts and distinctively war business, but that these taxes be confined to the war profits accruing in 1918, or in 1919 from business originating in war contracts.

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Several Plans Will Be Serviceable for me to set forth as explicitly as possible the alternative courses that lie open to our choice. We can simply release the roads and go back to the old conditions of private management, unrestricted competition and multifarious regulation by both state and federal authorities; or we can go to the opposite extreme and establish complete government control, accompanied, if necessary, by actual government ownership; or we can adopt an intermediate course of modified private control, under a more unified and affirmative public regulation and under such alterations of the law as will permit wasteful competition to be avoided and a considerable degree of uniformity of administration to be effected, as, for example, by regional corporations under which the railways of a definable area would be in effect combined in single systems.

The one conclusion that I am ready to state with confidence is that it would be a disservice alike to the country and to the owners of the railroads to return to the old conditions unmodified. Those conditions are unduly restrictive without development. There is nothing alternative or helpful about them. What the country chiefly needs is that all its means of transportation should be developed, its railways, its waterways, its highways and its countryside roads.

Problem Economic One. So far as our domestic affairs are concerned the problem of our return to peace is a problem of economic and industrial readjustment. That problem is less serious for us than it may turn out to be for the disarranged nations which have suffered the disadvantages of the losses of war, more than we. Our people, moreover, do not wait to be consoled and led. They know their own business, are quick and resourceful at every readjustment, definite in purpose, and self-reliant in action.

While the war lasted we set up a machinery by which to direct the industries of the country in the services it was necessary for them to render, by which to make sure of an abundant supply of the materials needed, by which to check undertakings that could for the time be dispensed with and stimulated by the war, by which to serve the public in war, by which to gain for the purchasing departments of the government a certain control over the prices of essential articles and materials, by which to restrain trade with alien enemies, make the most of the available shipping, and systematize financial transactions, both public and private, so that there would be no unnecessary conflict or confusion by which, in short, to put every material energy of the country in harness to draw the common load and make of us one team in the accomplishment of a great task. But the moment we knew that the armistice had been signed we set upon which the government had kept its hand for fear there should not be enough for the industries that supplied the armies have been released and put into the general market again. Great industrial plants whose work output and machinery had been taken over by the government have been set free to return to the uses to which they were put before the war. It has not been possible to remove so readily or so quickly the control of foodstuffs and of shipping, because the world has still to be fed from its granaries and the ships are still needed to send supplies to other parts of the world. The men back as fast as the disturbed conditions on the other side of the water permit; but even there restraints are being relaxed as much as possible and more and more as the weeks go by.

I entirely concur with the secretary of the treasury in recommending that the four billions provided by existing law be obtained from the profits which have accrued and shall accrue from war contracts and distinctively war business, but that these taxes be confined to the war profits accruing in 1918, or in 1919 from business originating in war contracts.

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these forces must remain in Europe during the period of occupation, and those which are brought home will be transported and demobilized at heavy expense for months to come.

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Display Ad Rates, per inch15cHOME GROWN SEED CORN
CURED FOR WISCONSIN

Wisconsin farmers who must purchase seed corn for the spring planting are urged to secure the amount they need at once. The names of farmers who have for sale good early maturing Golden Broom and other varieties of purebred corn can be secured from the secretary of the Wisconsin Experiment association at Madison.

Good seed corn was scarce in the spring of 1918 and many Wisconsin farmers bought seed from dealers who had secured it from Missouri and other states further south. Much of this seed appeared to be good, but H. G. Albert of the experiment station staff says that farmers found the growing season too short in Wisconsin for such varieties to mature. A recent survey of crop conditions shows that Wisconsin can supply all the needs of her farmers with standard varieties of Golden Broom, Yellow Wonder, and Yellow Wonder Yellow Dent.

Farmers in other states are expected to buy Wisconsin seed corn. Letters from Virginia, Indiana, and Maryland indicate that a shortage of seed corn in those states will lead them to the Wisconsin market.

His Bread Pan No Wash Basin

The only pan in the camp of forest fire fighters on North river and the refusal of the cook of the camp to allow the pan to be used as a wash basin started the trouble which resulted in the discharge of part of the crew, who were forced to walk back to civilization many a weary mile to enjoy the luxury of a bathtub (Wash Basin). A recent dispatch to Milwaukee Free Press.

The cook declared that the pan must be used for bread-making purposes only. He objected, as did the foreman, to the combination use of the pan. Orders were issued that all fire fighters could leave their soiled countenances in a nearby creek.

Now the cook has supreme control and supervision of the pan for bread-making only.

Dec. 12
Notice to Prove Will and Notice to Creditors

State of Wisconsin, County Court,
Wood County—In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that the will of Gustave Danke, deceased, is on file in the county court of said county at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, and that the same will be heard and considered at said court house, in said county, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1919, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and that all claims against said estate must be presented to the county court of said county at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, on or before the 15th day of May, A. D. 1919, or be barred.

Dated Dec. 12, 1918.

By the court,
J. J. McFARLAND, County Judge.

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EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY

Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County

BIRON

Harry Abraham was in our village one day last week. Harry lives at Port Edwards.

Alex McGrath is visiting his parents at home. Mrs. Tom McGrath, Alex just came from Minnesota where he has a section of land there. Alex says he raised good crop this year.

Joseph Wagner died Dec. 5 after a short illness of pneumonia. We all join in extending sympathy to the bereaved family.

John Williams was in our village one day last week.

Harry Sellars and J. H. Welton were in Grand Rapids on business one day last week.

Miss Mule spent a few days at Nekossa the past week visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Marvin.

A. L. Akey was in Grand Rapids Saturday on business.

Mrs. Arthur Sweeney was in Grand Rapids one day shopping.

Mrs. Frank Binger was in Grand Rapids one day last week shopping. And while there went to the hospital to see her son, August.

Mrs. Percy Kemper was in Grand Rapids Saturday shopping.

Mrs. Thos. McGrath and daughter, Lizzy, were in Grand Rapids one day doing some shopping.

MEEHAN

Wallace Slack who moved down here last fall, moved back to Stevens Point last week.

Most everyone who has had any hauling to do here has been making good use of the snow and the beautiful weather. Sleighing has been pretty good and there has been lots of hay, wood, and farm produce moving.

Our school and public gatherings are still closed owing to the influenza as there are several cases here now at present all seem to be getting along pretty well.

Helena, the year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Lukasavitz died last week at Dubuque, Iowa, with influenza. The body was sent to Milwaukee for burial and a funeral ceremony was held Tuesday at the Polish Catholic church near Plover. The Lukasavitz family lived about 3 miles east of here but have many friends here who extend their sympathy.

Orin Clendenen has been loading pulp wood on cars for the McGill paper mill. The wood is some left over from last winter but we are informed that some of the factories will buy here again this winter. The price for wood is high and it is probable that about \$8.00 a cord will be paid.

George Roe returned last Sunday from Milwaukee where he has been at work for a spell. His health has been on the bum, the last few days, but he declares it is not the flu.

TEN MILE CREEK

There will be church services at the De la Schoolhouse near Sunday, Dec. 15th by Rev. C. A. Mellick at 2 o'clock sharp.

The school Xmas exercises at the De la school will be held on Friday, Dec. 13th, at 2 o'clock. Everyone will be welcome.

Richard Matthews is expected home this week from Hollandale.

Some of the young folks here visiting with the Krohn family on Sunday evening.

John Tesser is hauling ice to Grand Rapids this week.

A small crowd attended the auction sale at the Fred Irwin's place last week. Some stock and pigs were sold and they brought good prices.

Mr. and Mrs. Rankin were business callers at the Tesser home last Saturday evening.

Mr. Drach and son, Jasper, visited with the Osterreicher and Engdahl families Sunday.

W. J. Matthews spent Sunday at home.

John Tesser invited a load of potatoes to Grand Rapids last Saturday for the Mrs. Matthews. Several took the chance of taking them while the sun shined.

Other folks visited at the Matthews home on Saturday.

D. Lord of East New Rome had the misfortune of taking two loads of hay that belonged to Otto Krohn. But it happened the owner came in time to put him right though it took some time longer to pitch it off. Some people can't remember from August to December where their own hay stacks are.

Isn't it funny that a man will trust his daughter with a man he wouldn't trust with \$10 of his money?

PLEASANT HILL

Our teacher, Miss Quinell, was called home Wednesday of last week by the flu. The community dinner held at the church Thanksgiving day was not very well attended on account of the bad weather. Those present reported good times and plenty to eat.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Erdman spent Thanksgiving day at the Moore home near Vedum.

Church services have been discontinued until the first of April. Last Sunday school will be held every Sunday the same as usual.

A number of our people attended the program at the Pittsville Congregational church Sunday evening.

Mrs. James Hiles of Dexterville is visiting at her son's home, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hiles, and will be home with Mrs. Hanson.

Ladies will meet Wednesday with Mrs. Hanson.

Some of our people still have the flu.

The Red Cross will meet with Mrs. Wm. Hiles Wednesday, Dec. 18th.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Brooks are the proud parents of a baby girl, born Dec. 4th.

The Red Cross met Wednesday with Mrs. Peter Hanson.

There was no church or Sunday school Sunday on account of the stormy weather.

Peter Hanson lost a valuable cow last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Horn Jr. left last week for a visit with relatives at Watertown.

Mrs. Wm. Erdman and children returned Thursday from their visit at Jefferson and other places.

NEW ROME

Great improvements have been made in the construction of kite balloons in the past two years according to Henry Woodhouse, the leading American aircraft authority. In Everybody's he says: "The old design based on the original German design was a sausage-shaped and could stand little wind above 30 miles per hour. The present design used by the allies and to some extent by the Germans is based on the design of Captain Cagou of the French army. It is pear-shaped on one side and has three huge fins, one on each side and one underneath the center of the gas-bag. On the ground these fins give it the appearance of a huge elephant."

"This type of military balloon is much sturdier and safer than the old type and can stand a wind of up to 60 miles an hour. They are from 70 to 80 feet in diameter, and have a hydrogen capacity of from 20,000 to 25,000 cubic feet."

SHERRY

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thomas have issued invitations to their friends to help them celebrate their silver wedding anniversary which will be held at their home on Wednesday, evening, Dec. 18th. A most delightful time is anticipated by ones that have enjoyed the hospitality of their home in the past. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas would enjoy having their eldest son, Raymond, home for this joyous occasion but the home community will be glad to see him.

William Spice came home from Arpin the first of the week.

Services were held in both Lutheran and Presbyterian churches on Sabbath and we hope we will not have to close them again.

Misses Viola and Irene Gilmore left Sherry for their home in Chicago on Wednesday evening.

Ralph Coszard went to Stevens Point on Wednesday, also Miss Ella Gorko spent a few days in the same city, returning on Friday.

Miss Edna Becker came from Stevens Point on Thursday and is spending a few days with her folks. She leaves for Chicago on Tuesday with her friends.

Mrs. Helen Lang is home from Stevens Point because of the schools being closed until after the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Williams was called to Randolph on Thursday by the passing away of Mr. William's father. He had been in failing health for some time past. They returned on Sunday.

Miss Hazel Parks was home, for the week end from Unity and Miss Ruth was home from Grand Rapids at the same time.

Mrs. M. L. Wasington and son, Murry, spent some days at the Williams home last week.

We are glad to see Mrs. Geo. Powell and son, Harry, are out again after a siege of sickness in the family and we are sorry to say Mrs. Thos. Davis has a relapse after her case of the influenza.

We learn that Joseph Lang is sick at present.

Miss Marie Weintrauer has gone back to Randolph for a few weeks.

Mrs. Irene Bruhn is sewing for Mrs. Manthei this week.

Paul Zernke is out once more after a serious illness of two weeks.

Royal Neibohrs met with Mrs. H. Thomas, last Saturday.

A farmer's love letter: "Do you 'carrot' all for me, for my heart beats for you. I am as strong as an 'onion.' For you are a 'peach' with your 'radish' hair and 'turnip' nose. You are the apple of my eye. I am 'potatoe' then 'lettuce' marry anyhow, for I know we would make a happy 'pear'."

LONG UNDERSEA TUNNEL PLANNED

Plans for a railway tunnel, costing approximately \$7,000,000 and extending more than seventeen thousand feet under the sea for about one fourth of its length, have been made in Japan. The bore will pass beneath the Moji straits, connecting Shimonoseki and Dai, making possible a junction with the railway trunk line of Kishu. It is estimated that the tunnel will be required to complete the project.

DEATH OF JOHN P. VAN ERT

(Contributed)

John P. Van Ert, died at his home in the town of Rudolph on Monday, November 18th at 11 A. M. Cause of death being influenza, followed by pneumonia. Deceased was 17 years of age at the time of his death and was born in the town of Carson on the 22nd day of March, 1901. He has lived in this city all his life and was a boy of good habits. During his residence here he had made many friends and was liked by all who knew him. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Barney Van Ert, and one sister and four brothers, all who reside at home. They being George, his twin brother, Edward, and Frederick twins, Sylvester, and one sister, Susan. The remains were interred on Wednesday morning by Father Wagner in the Catholic cemetery at Rudolph. The relatives have the sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.

A loved one from us has passed away. A voice is now still forever. There will always be a vacant chair, Which can be filled never.

FOR THE FARMERS

The following publications were issued by the United States Department of Agriculture during the week ended November 16, 1918:

Soils of Southern New Jersey and their Uses. Department Bulletin 734.

Nematode Galls as a factor in the marketing and milling of wheat. Department Bulletin 734.

The open shed compared with the closed barn for dairy cows. Department Bulletin 736.

Cooperative bull associations. Farmers' Bulletin 593.

Crop Systems for Arkansas. Farmers' Bulletin 1090.

Copies of these publications may be obtained on application to the Division of Publications, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Many a man who thinks he is marrying a cook discovers later on that he married a detective.

BEET TOPS FOR ENSILAGE

Out in California they have discovered that beet tops make excellent ensilage, and the value per acre from this source is reported to be \$35 per acre. The tops of the beets are a good price. Heretofore the raisers of beets have been selling the tops for a couple of dollars an acre to sheep and stockmen who feed them and made a good thing out of them. The discovery that the tops will make good ensilage will mean a considerable amount of money to the men who engage in the raising of sugar beets.

When a man brags that his wife pays \$40 for a hat you can bet that his wife is paid more than \$4 for a hat he would want a divorce.

Judging by some of the things they marry, girls must have an awful grudge against their personal liberty.

And this would be a happy world if men could only get out of trouble as easily as they can get out of work.

RUSSIAN THISTLE NOW USED FOR COW FEED?

The Russian thistle, considered one of the most noxious weeds in New Mexico, is now declared by some stockmen in that section to be of value as a stock feed. Some farmers in Santa Fe County already have put up large stacks of from 5 to 50 tons to be used for wintering stock this season. Its value as a feed was discovered during the last two years of drought when it was the only thing that stood between the live stock of the hungry and starvation. The equity agricultural agent of Santa Fe County is urging the building of silos to be filled with Russian thistles, which it is also reported, make excellent slaps.

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A loved one from us has passed away. A voice is now still forever. There will always be a vacant chair, Which can be filled never.

FOR THE FARMERS

The following publications were issued by the United States Department of Agriculture during the week ended November 16, 1918:

Soils of Southern New Jersey and their Uses. Department Bulletin 734.

Nematode Galls as a factor in the marketing and milling of wheat. Department Bulletin 734.

The open shed compared with the closed barn for dairy cows. Department Bulletin 736.

Cooperative bull associations. Farmers' Bulletin 593.

Crop Systems for Arkansas. Farmers' Bulletin 1090.

Copies of these publications may be obtained on application to the Division of Publications, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Many a man who thinks he is marrying a cook discovers later on that he married a detective.

BEET TOPS FOR ENSILAGE

Out in California they have discovered that beet tops make excellent ensilage, and the value per acre from this source is reported to be \$35 per acre. The tops of the beets are a good price. Heretofore the raisers of beets have been selling the tops for a couple of dollars an acre to sheep and stockmen who feed them and made a good thing out of them. The discovery that the tops will make good ensilage will mean a considerable amount of money to the men who engage in the raising of sugar beets.

When a man brags that his wife pays \$40 for a hat you can bet that his wife is paid more than \$4 for a hat he would want a divorce.

Judging by some of the things they marry, girls must have an awful grudge against their personal liberty.

And this would be a happy world if men could only get out of trouble as easily as they can get out of work.

RUSSIAN THISTLE NOW USED FOR COW FEED?

The Russian thistle, considered one of the most noxious weeds in New Mexico, is now declared by some stockmen in that section to be of value as a stock feed. Some farmers in Santa Fe County already have put up large stacks of from 5 to 50 tons to be used for wintering stock this season. Its value as a feed was discovered during the last two years of drought when it was the only thing that stood between the live stock of the hungry and starvation. The equity agricultural agent of Santa Fe County is urging the building of silos to be filled with Russian thistles, which it is also reported, make excellent slaps.

CHRISTMAS GOODS!

We have an easy line to select from—Steel Ranges, Coffee Percolators, Turkey Roasters, Turkey and Bird Carvers, Nickel and Illuminum Ware, Plated Knives, Forks, Table and Tea Spoons. Guns, Air Rifles, Belts, Knives, Safety Razors, Brushes, Compasses, Etc. Hand Sleds, Coaster wagons, Tricycles and Skis. All very useful and modern.

NASH HARDWARE CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Clearing Sale on Coats and Suits

Further Reductions; Prices that call for quick action!!

Plush and Black
Coats at 20 per
cent off

Children's Coats
at 20 per cent off
Ladies' Dresses
at 10 per cent off
Ladies' Skirts at
10 per cent off



Colored Coats at Reductions Averaging 1-3 off

| | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| \$25.00 Colored Coats at | \$18 and \$16 |
| \$35.00 Colored Coats Reduced to | \$25 |
| \$39.00 Colored Coats Reduced to | \$29 |
| \$45.00 Colored Coats Reduced to | \$30 |
| \$65.00 Colored Coats Reduced to | \$45 |
| \$85.00 Colored Coats Reduced to | \$50 |
| \$29.00 Suits Reduced to | \$19 |
| \$39.00 Suits Reduced to | \$25 |
| \$68.00 Suits Reduced to | \$39 |
| \$2 to \$5.00 Skirtings Reduced to | \$1.60 and \$3.98 |
| Muffs from | \$5.00 to \$29.00 |
| Scarfs | \$2.95 to \$19.00 |
| Children's Sets from | \$2.98 to \$6.98 |

Xmas. Furs, Choose from a large assortment of Beaver, Martin, Lynx, Opposum, Fox and Coney.

Silk Camisoles..... 75c to \$1.50
Bloomers and P.velopes..... \$1.95 to \$4.85
Silk Petticoats..... \$3.98 to \$10.00

Silk or Wool Sweaters from 5.50 to 13.50
Childs Sweater Sets..... 3.98 to 5.75

Hug-me-tights with or without sleeves at..... \$1.25 to \$2.75
Cap and Scarf Sets..... \$1.95 to \$3.00
Gloves Always Appreciated
Kid Gloves..... \$2.25 and \$2.50
Fleeced Gloves..... 50c to \$1
Childs Kid Mitts..... 75c to 85c

Umbrellas—useful Gifts For Women or Men in Nice Holly Box..... \$1.50 to \$5.00
Children's Umbrellas at..... 69c and 75c

We Offer Better Values in Handkerchiefs

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Linen Hdfs. | 15c to \$2.50 |
| Silk Hdfs. | 10 to 50c |
| Men's Jap Initials | 10 and 15c |
| Mens, Linen Initials | 39 and 45c |
| Men's Silk Initials | 50c |
| Women's Linen Initials | 30c |
| Women's Lawn Initials | 6 for 30c |
| Boys Linen Hdfs. | 35c |
| Madiara Hdfs. | 75c to \$2.50 |
| Others at | 5-8-10c and up |
| Boxed Hdfs. from | 15c to \$1.25 |
| Xmas Waists—all the new shades in | Georgette |

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN, DECEMBER 12, 1918

Hardwood Floors

make the kitchen much more sanitary and more easily cleaned.

Hard Maple flooring for a room 10 ft. by 12 ft. only costs from \$8.90 to \$13.41 depending on the grade used. Ours is kiln dried, end matched, steel scraped and bored for nails. The easiest you can find to lay. Put it right over your old floor.

This kind of a Xmas present will more than please friend wife.

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.

Grand Rapids Rudolph Vesper Nekoson Milladore

Cold Weather will Ruin a Neglected Battery

Expert attention is necessary to prevent sulphation and buckling of the plates.

We are fully equipped for wet or dry storage and can place your battery on the car next spring in the best possible condition. Any make of battery, charging or ignition system overhauled.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Electric Sales Co.

PHONE 36

Street Car Terminal

Grand Rapids, Wis.



What Does Testing Mean?

"Testing" means finding specific gravity of battery solution by measuring it with the hydrometer.

The test is simple, but of utmost importance because it is the only means of telling whether your battery is being kept in condition by proper charging or weakened by starvation.

Testing is an important part of the service that you as a user of a Willard Storage Battery are entitled to receive. We will make the test for you or show you how you can keep tab on your battery by testing it yourself every week or two.

When you come for your next test ask for the booklet, "A Mark with a Meaning for You."

Don't neglect putting your battery in storage for the winter, "it pays."

If Electrical and Good, I Have It!

STAUB'S ELECTRIC SHOP

Tel. 203. 127 First St. N., East Side
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.



DRS. FAIRFIELD, BARTMAN & CO.
GYNEC BUILDING, GREEN BAY, WIS.

DR. W. E. FAIRFIELD
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Obstetrician, Diseases of Women
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Diseases of Children
Skin, Nerves and Throat

DR. J. J. ROHR
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Diseases of Children

DR. W. H. BARTMAN
Diseases of the Stomach and Intestines

DR. E. WHITE
X-Ray and Chemical Laboratories

LETTER FROM OREGON

Stumptown, Oregon, Nov. 18
Editor Grand Rapids Tribune:

I am sending you a bit of a flitch which we took from a well worn log. It was about twelve feet long and about four inches wide. One man near here was drilling a well and over 30 feet down drilled thru a log, 2 feet through.

We are quite sure of the present time and hope to know the war is over. We are taking of trading our property for city property. I was told we will live in the city.

Wages are good here and there is plenty of work. Last summer it was very dry in the Willamette Valley. The crops were fairly good. Everything a farmer raises, including a good price. Hay is from \$25.00 to \$30.00 per ton. Wheat \$2.00 per bushel. Potatoes 2.50 per bushel. Apples 1.00 per bushel. Fruit is the cheapest commodity here now.

Well about the flitch, there must have been some great upheaval (that is possibly) which caused the tree to be buried up in soil like that. No one can tell how long ago. I have bought a gasoline pump and have been saving wood out of the same. I often think of my old friends back in Wisconsin and would like very much to see them. Am doing fairly well, at least have no visitors of the poor house and so far have managed to keep out of jail. The business is well and am doing well. If you put the piece of flitch in water it will swell out to water level and would probably come to pieces. It was about 1 inch in diameter when we took it out of the well. If you wish to keep it, keep it dry. Regards all old friends.

Yours truly,
P. Boudie.

R. L. Monroe, Oregon.
(No doubt this bit of flitch that Mr. Boudie mentions in his letter is some flitch and quite a curiosity, and we certainly appreciate the fact when one of our friends remembers us when he happens to be in and sending us a piece of flitch. The only drawback to the whole affair, was that he neglected to send the piece of flitch that he mentioned in the letter so that we do not know whether it was much of a curiosity or not.)

It is, after writing the above we have received the flitch. As to how it came down in the ground where it was found we have not considerably thought on the matter, and the only explanation we can think of is that it grew there. (Ed.)

PAINT YOUR AUTO

The painting and repainting of an automobile has much to do with the durability of the car. Always keep your car looking well. To avoid a car being in the shop for repainting or repainting. It will also give the finish a better chance to harden before the opening of the trading season.

High grade auto painting.
Eugene Lund.

EXIST IN SWARMS

The progressive insects which China as the Manchus never ruled it. Three out of four babies die, but the fourth is more than enough. One hundred million Chinese and two generations there are more gnawing at the earth, but as many living as ever.

The principal product of China is cheap, new-fangled and who work and starve, or perhaps freeze to death in the cold January nights, or die by the hundreds of thousands in periodic famines, or obtain a miserable existence by scavenging the refuse of the rich. There are hundreds of millions of them with vision bounded by a bowl of rice and the desire of male offspring. The race is like the sea, inexhaustible, imperishable. It does not wither away at the breath of western civilization. It does not disappear. It does not go under. It persists.

It is, moreover, an imperishable race; to attempt to exterminate it is a hopeless task to pour water into a fire which will burn. I thought of Marco Polo's story. I thought of the Portuguese who have been there more than three centuries and have contributed to the world a beautiful city, living an optimum gambling and other devices, like a pretty prostitute in pink robes. The picturesque Chinese have been there for centuries, but the city is irredeemably, unalterably Chinese. Look down from the green-clad hills upon the flat roofs, blue and green and red, the city clustered in the valley, and you see the bones not of Portugal, but of Orientals. Of a population of 75,000,000, a scant 2,000 claim a dubious Portuguese origin.

The same is true of Hongkong, with its British flag, and its foreign banks and its few thousand white men surrounded by swarming Chinese. In the Hongkong city of Victoria, which is a narrow strip between the granite hills and the sea, the wealthy white inhabitants are forced upward onto the terraced hillsides, where their charming semi-tropical gardens look out upon plain, humiliated and humiliated Chinese. The city fills the city to the saturation point. There are districts in the city Chinese districts, of course, where the population averages more than 400,000 to the square mile (1,000 to the acre), and the crowding tends to become worse. It is a Chinese city.

So, too, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, though they have their foreign concessions, small European islands in an Asiatic ocean, are in population overwhelmingly Chinese. The Chinese come and go; he lives on the surface of China as a flea might live upon the hide of a rhinoceros. The Chinese remain, breed, multiply.

How They Shoot in China

Details of the battle in Peking between Chang Hsun's ill-starred forces and the best equipped Russian troops indicate that the hostilities were more exciting than dangerous, remarks the Salt Lake Herald-Examiner.

The director was surrounded by about 4,000 of his followers when he sought refuge in the Forbidden City, and the attacking party numbered at least five times as many.

Chinese soldiers have never been noted for expert skill in handling firearms, as substantiated by the authentic report that "considering the enormous quantities of ammunition used and the number of troops engaged" the casualties were remarkably small, only ten killed and thirty wounded among combatants and three times the number of killed and wounded among innocent bystanders.

For obvious reasons Uncle Sam was sharply giving and Chinese soldiers and friendly advice when he told them to keep out of the way and harmonize their internal differences.

There is even a certain languor attending the fullness of prosperity. When the heart has no more to wish, it yawns over its possessions and the energy of the soul goes out like a fire that has no more to devour.—Young

REMOVE ALL RESTRICTIONS ON CONSUMPTION OF SUGAR

Households and Public Eating Places Are No Longer Limited and Sugar Bowls May Return to Tables.

Every restriction on the sale and use of sugar has been removed except that on the price, and in no case may retailers charge more than eleven cents a pound.

Grocers need no longer keep sugar bowls to record the purchases of their customers as housewives are no longer limited to four pounds a month—they may have all they wish, and proprietors of hotels and other public eating places are no longer obliged to purchase their supplies on the basis of four pounds for ninety meals.

The sugar bowl can reappear on the table, frosted cakes may be served, and home-made candy cooked on the kitchen stove.

"There are no limits on your use of sugar," said Magnus Svensson, Food Administrator for Wisconsin, "except those imposed by your own conscience. You limit the needs of Europe and are faithful with our motto 'Go slowly on all staples'."

"NO FOOD PROGRAM YET," CABLES HOOVER

No definite food program can yet be laid down in the message cabled by Hoover after a week of investigation in Europe. Pending the determination of a complete program, he arranged before his departure for the purchase and dispatch of two hundred and seventy thousand tons of food to meet the most urgent demands. The first of the ships carrying these supplies has been reported as making the Gibraltar on its way to feed southern Europe.

"Negotiations with the Allied governments regarding shipping, finances and organization are still in progress," cables Hoover. "The liberated territories are daily and urgently calling upon the United States for food."

"Until a definite program can be decided upon, we must direct all our present efforts to maintaining an attitude of mind which will prepare the public for more definite conservation when the time comes for requesting it."

"Our point of view has now been changed from a war necessity to a humanitarian appeal. The need for voluntary co-operation as distinguished from enforced regulation becomes increasingly apparent."

NO SAFE CONDUCTS NEEDED FOR BELGIUM RELIEF SHIPS

Ships chartered by the Commission for Relief in Belgium will no longer be required to have safe conducts in order to assure freedom from attack. For the first time since the German government established a submarine war zone in European waters, vessels carrying food and clothing to the stricken inhabitants of Belgium will be allowed to travel unmolested.

The supplies of food and clothing which we are sending them to keep them alive during the winter are certain to arrive without danger of mishap, and their distribution among the refugees can be effected without insuperable difficulty.

BIG INCREASE IN 1918 PEA PACK OF WISCONSIN

The pea-pack of Wisconsin for 1918 was nearly 1,000,000 cases greater than the pack for last year. The national production reaches a total equivalent to 10,895,222 cases, each of which contains 24 number two cans.

There were considerable losses reported in several states. The Utah pack decreased over 200,000 cases this year and that of New Jersey and Delaware over 240,000. Michigan states a loss of about 127,000 cases and California nearly 100,000 cases.

REVOKES LICENSE OF BUYER OF STATE BUTTER

The license of Charles E. Davis, a Philadelphia firm which has been buying butter from various Wisconsin dairymen, has been revoked by the U. S. Food Administration. Magnus Svensson, Food Administrator for Wisconsin, is warning dealers of dairy products in this state not to ship their products to them.

NO GRADING OF POTATOES; REVOKES VEGETABLE RULES

After December 10, potatoes need not be graded. The Food Administration for Wisconsin announces that the license regulations applying to the sale and shipping of potatoes and all other vegetables have been rescinded.

The Hoffman Food company of Madison has been brought before the U. S. Food Administration for excessive sales of flour. It was suggested by the Enforcement Division that they contribute \$50 to the government for the United War Work campaign.

The wholesale grocery firm of Gould, Wells, and Blackburn of Madison, and the produce and food firm of I. P. Brown, also of Madison, have been ordered closed by the United States Food Administration on charges of profiteering.

CITY POINT

(No late for last week)
They will reside to the winter. Alma Nelson left for Fond du Lac Monday where she will be employed.

George Schroeder returned to Grand Rapids on Monday. Not many deer were killed this season.

The community meeting held at Stoen Nelson's last Thursday was well attended.

Frank Franson of Clintonville is visiting relatives here.

Jim Curtin and wife of Marshfield visited his sister, Mrs. M. Franson last Wednesday.

Mrs. John H. Davidson and daughter left for Gray Thursday where

A PROPHECIC EDITORIAL

What may be termed a prophetic editorial appeared in The New York Times on December 12, 1918, which, far-reaching as it appeared to many people at that time, falls short of the realization in the present day.

It is, indeed, the imagination is staggered at the tremendous scope of the German defeat in the world war now drawing to a close. It remains for history to record the unfolding scenes of the allied victory and the consequences thereof. The wildest flight of fancy can scarcely sketch the wonders which the future holds for the nations of the world.

The advance in civilization, and the steps upward that the benighted and barbarous races and the oppressed nations will surely achieve, will be a wonderful period and one could well wish to live for a hundred years in full possession of all his mental faculties and physical vigor.

It is to be a spectator of the world's progress in the coming century. Herewith is printed the prophetic editorial of The Times which foretold so remarkably the abrupt ending of the world war and written nearly four years ago. One is filled with wonder at the scientific faith which inspired the writer. He declared:

FOR THE GERMAN PEOPLE, PEACE WITH FREEDOM
Germany is due not to a mere defeat, but to a complete and final overthrow in a just and honorable manner. The German people are entitled to a peace which will be a permanent one, and which will be a peace of freedom and justice.

Barbarism in its most odious form, the domination of the civilized world, is being overthrown by the German people. The German people are entitled to a peace which will be a permanent one, and which will be a peace of freedom and justice.

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AERIAL DEVELOPMENT

AFTER THE WAR

With the coming of peace, interest in the development of the airplane as a war machine will in all probability come to a speedy halt. However, it is more than likely there will be no let up in the effort to adapt this marvelous means of transportation for purposes of business and pleasure as well as for the development of science.

In connection it is interesting to note the fact that plans are being formulated by Captain Robert A. Bartlett to make an airplane flight to the North Pole. He is only about 1,000 miles from the pole, and it is possible to make the round trip in a single day without difficulty.

The polar regions would be made entirely by daylight even though it extended over several days. Moreover, the fact that in midsummer the weather in the polar regions is clear and sunny, would seem to insure particularly ideal conditions for the flight. Captain Bartlett is now an officer in the U. S. Navy; he expects, however, to be mustered out of the service in time to enable him to make the flight to the North Pole next summer.

It is said the Captains Brothers in Italy, recognizing the commercial possibilities of long-distance flying, are building a huge eight-engine airplane to make a round trip to Europe, Africa and Australia, and are planning to greatly extend the usefulness of the airplane for pleasure and business purposes.

It is interesting to note that the airplane is to be supplied with a pleasure vehicle. The production of an aerial pleasure plane, in fact, is a certainty of the near future. The airplane is to be supplied with a pleasure vehicle. The production of an aerial pleasure plane, in fact, is a certainty of the near future.

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Grand Rapids Rudolph Vesper Nekooosa Milladore

Street Car Terminus

LAWRENCE, 12/15

E. WHITE
and Chemical Laboratories

Mrs. John Henderson and
Young ter left for Pray Thursday

here easier to
to own up to it.

West End of Bridge

Chamberlain's Tablets


or Baby Bonds Make Acceptable Gift

While the same old Christmas spirit will prevail most of us will "shop" differently this year. Instead of exchanging presents in the form of luxuries many of us will buy War Savings Stamps, Baby Bonds or Liberty Bonds to give to relatives or friends as a Christmas Gift. There is no more appropriate or timely gift that you could buy than something which will help your government as well as prove highly acceptable as a Christmas present. Let your gift this year be a patriotic gift. You can purchase War Savings Stamps, Baby Bonds or Liberty Bonds at this bank.

West Side

AT WITTER HOTEL, GRAND RAPIDS, THURSDAY
Dec. 19th. Hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Consultation Free

ASK THESE PEOPLE
I HAVE CURED



The Truth and Proof Are Before You

DR. GODDARD

WRITE TO THEM—**YES**
YOURSELF

URED OF CHRONIC APPENDI- hope it will help some one
-WALL STONE COLIC believe. Wishing you success

After Being Told that an Operation
Was the Only Thing That

Black Creek, Wis.
Feb. 17th, 1912

Dear Sir:—It is with pleasure to let you know that I write to you eleven months' after taking your medicine, and I am completely cured.

When I first started to doctor with you, I weighed 127 lbs., and now I weigh 149. Have been sick for two years, have doctored with different

ctors, but they didn't help me, they wanted to operate, so one day I met one of your patients, and she told me to go and see you and I am very pleased to do so.

my farm without any
from my rupture. You m
to me if you wish.

ERNEST RINDELF

Such Testimonials Can Not Be Manufactured or Bought

I also treat successfully Appendicitis, Gall Stone, Colic, Gravel, Gout, Rheumatism, Chronic diseases of both men and women.

Under no circumstances do I accept or treat incurable cases.

At WITTER HOTEL, Grand Rapids, Thursday, Nov.
Address Dr. N. A. Goddard, 121 Wisconsin St., Milwaukee
P. M. Consultation Free and Con

Hours: 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Consultation Free and Confidential

LOCAL ITEMS

—Beautiful infant's bath robes Miller's.

—L. Akey of Biron favored this with a pleasant call on Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Witter were in Chicago several days during the past week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schmidt of Astoria have moved to this city to reside.

—G. J. Kaudy has been confined to his house several days the past week by sickness.

—Andrew Mosley underwent an operation at the Riverside hospital last week.

—Great line of books on display Otto's.

—Miss Inez Piper returned on Saturday from a three weeks visit with her parents at Thorpe.

—Nels Johnson of Port Edwards was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Tuesday.

—Geo. B. McMillan has returned on Monday where he was to attend the funeral of a relative.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Barker of Alameda are visiting at the home of their daughter, Mrs. C. R. Dwyer.

—Miss Mary Jones, who is teaching at Nekosia, was confined to her home several days the past week by sickness.

—New Georgetown walrus, all colors Miller's.

—Doll carriages at Miller's.

—Mrs. J. W. Sovereign has returned from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. C. Christensen at Chicago.

—L. R. Rasmussen is nursing a very severe cold on his neck which he had contracted the first of the week.

—Chas. Dixon returned today from Minnesota where he has been doing for the Flood Construction Co.

—Buy a War Savings Stamp for your soldier boy for Xmas.

—Joseph Apple and daughter, Anita, of Atlanta spent several days in this city the past week visiting with relatives.

—Mrs. Wm. Swain was called to Chicago on Saturday by the death of her daughter in law, Mrs. Louis Swain.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Rogers returned Monday night from Chicago where they spent several days taking in the sights.

—Judge W. J. Conway went to Marshall on Tuesday where he held a term of court for the northern end of Wood county.

—S. N. Whitley of Cranmore was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Saturday while in the city on business.

—Emil Kuppel of Kelliey transacted business in the city on Saturday and while here favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

—Otto's Pharmacy now have their holiday display complete and invite your inspection.

—Got a Pathe Pathephone for Xmas at Otto's.

—Miss Margaret Ragan of Grand Rapids, Mich., has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. L. Denrore, during the past week.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Cranes of Timberlake, South Dakota, are spending the winter in this city, having found it necessary to move here on account of Mrs. Cranes's health.

—Recent advice received from Dr. C. C. Rowley are to the effect that he has been placed in charge of a convalescing home hospital located at Hampton, New Jersey.

—L. Warren, who has been in South Dakota the past two years engaged in buying horses for the government, arrived in the city on Friday for an extended visit with his family.

—Miss Mary McMillan returned last week from River Falls where she had been teaching in the Normal school, the school having been closed to remain so until after the holidays.

—Miss Alvina Kuppel, stenographer in the Johnson & Hill Co.'s store, was called to Kelliey this week to assist in taking care of some of her relatives who are ill with influenza.

—The Mrs. held an informal dancing party at their hall on Thursday evening which there were about twenty couples. Owing to the short notice that was given the crowd was not as large as it might otherwise have been. It is probable that dances will be held at regular intervals during the winter.

—Ladies' bath robes at Miller's.

—Mrs. Will Ham and children of Eau Claire arrived here this week to be with her mother, Mrs. C. O. Hassell, who is seriously ill.

—Mrs. Fred Ragan returned last week from Rockford, Ill., where she had been with Mr. Ragan for some time past, the latter being in camp there.

—Mike Mason who is employed in the government ship yards at West Superior arrived home on Monday, having been called home by the illness in his family, all being sick with influenza.

—The Stevens Point Normal was closed last Thursday to remain closed until after the holidays. The action was taken on account of the prevalence of influenza in that city, and it is hoped that the conditions will be improved by that time.

—No letters will be accepted hereafter addressed to soldiers and sailors overseas unless the return address of the sender is printed or written upon the envelope. This is in accordance with the regulations of the post office, and the handling of the mails due to return home of the boys overseas.

—Louis C. Johnson of the town of Sigel was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Saturday. Mr. Johnson was preparing to leave for Mississippi where he will be employed on one of the Arctic dredges during the coming season. Mr. Johnson spent one winter in Mississippi and was well pleased with the conditions there.

—Everything in Xmas goods at Miller's.

—Ernest Gilmaester is carrying the mails in place of W. C. McGlynn who has resigned.

—John Harrison, a former resident of this city, having at one time been street commissioner of the city of Centralia, died last week in St. Paul from cancer. Deceased left here about twenty years ago, and had been making his home with a son at Jefferson, Minnesota.

—He was a veteran of the civil war.

—Henry Peterson of the town of Santiago was a caller at this office on Wednesday. Mr. Peterson's son has accepted a position as salesman with the American Products Co. of Cincinnati, Ohio, and will leave the south end of Wood Co. to canvass for their line of household necessities and medicines. He will rent his farm.

—Mr. and Mrs. Neil Crowns of Nekosia have heard from their son, Lieut. George Crowns, who for some time has been a prisoner behind the German lines, and the information stated that he had been released and was in Switzerland. He was on his way to France and expected to be with his command before a great while.

—Robert Ebbes reports that his son-in-law, Frank Westphal, has been reported missing since Nov. 28th, he having received a notice to that effect on Tuesday.

—Lee Kaudy, another son-in-law, who has been missing for some time, is still among the missing. It having been impossible to get any word from him.

—It seems that Grand Rapids had more than their share of the snow that fell during the past couple of weeks, there being eighteen inches on the ground here the first of last week.

—The snow was quite unusual for this latitude, sunny being almost as warm as a summer day. While the snow was reduced considerably in volume, it is reported that there is still plenty in the woods and out in the country.

RED CROSS BADGES FOR ALL WORKERS

All who have worked for the Red Cross may obtain the badge of loyal service. Conditions are to be awarded to all workers who have the required number of hours to their credit whether this work was done in the office of the workrooms or at the homes.

While it may not be to get the required 800 hours credit in the surgical dressing rooms as these are not all closed yet it is possible for those who have not completed the full 800 hours to get added hours credit by applying for sewing at the Red Cross rooms either at the chapter or at branches. There is a great deal of sewing yet to be done by applying to Mrs. Ellis, chairman of the work you will be able to complete your 800 hours requirement and obtain a certificate and the right to wear the badge of honor.

The women will wear a badge with a ribbon with a bar and safety catch.

A committee of the chapter will have charge of this work. A questionnaire will be given each worker, which properly filled will be OK by the chairman and whose division the work has been done. For each extra 800 hours the badge will contain one stripe woven across the ribbon.

The certificate will be issued to the worker by the chapter and will be your diploma so to speak for loyal service in the work of the Red Cross.

The chapter is greatly desirous that all workers who have not as yet completed the required 800 hours to apply for such sewing as soon as possible and thereby obtain for themselves the well merited recognition by the Red Cross and their certificate of service.

This Day of Young Men

In their enthusiasm, some well stricken in years have been heard to argue that this ought to be called the day of old men. But one would have to be not only old but foolish to attempt to make that out. Youth will still be served. It is really more emphatically than ever before the day of young men. Theirs the main service (the thrill and ecstasy of patriotic devotion). Yet their claims can not be denied a share in the great making of history which is going on. To be living through it at any age is to stir the pulses and quicken the imagination. It is a time when with the country making so many calls upon her older sons, they call upon her younger sons, they call upon her own men and if they adapt for their own use the poet's saying when it is bliss to be alive and very heaven to be old. New York Evening Post.

SUPREMACY IN INSECT MIMICRY

I witnessed a quaint little scene on a blackthorn bush in Epping forest a day or two ago, wrote "L. P." in Manchester (Eng.) Guardian. It is well known that many species of caterpillars so closely resemble the brown, barked stems, while others, being green, fix themselves to the new green stems of the current year's growth.

Among the blackthorn twigs I observed one young member of the darker species clinging out, right and motionless, at the ortho angle of 15 degrees from apparently a young green shoot. On closer examination I discovered that the young green shoot itself was a caterpillar sticking out at an angle of 45 degrees.

What had happened was obvious. "The disguise of the green caterpillar was so perfect that even another caterpillar itself a master in the art of well imitation—had palpably been completely deceived and mistaken the green caterpillar for a twig. Surely this is a triumph of insect mimicry."

No Proof

Bacon—I see a statement in the paper that the Chinese cultivate opium in the United States.

Robert—But how can they tell they are opium, then?

FOUND ONE SENTRY ALIBI

"I was recently breaking in a squad of new company negroes," remarked Captain C. in a letter to a Virginia camp not far from Washington, "and, despite their and my good intentions, it was not proving the easiest task in the world, since most of them knew much better how to follow a band than military rule. This particular group gave me a lot of hard work and I kept pretty close watch on them. One surprise visit, to give my sentries a surprise visit, but had not got far on my round when I was stopped with a peremptory 'Halt! Who goes there?'"

"I gave the word, but was again brought up with a sharp 'Halt again! I want to know who you are!'"

"You commanding officer," was my answer, which did not suffice, as my sentry came back quickly with the words: "Don't talk right, but is you get de right to go 'trapsin' round camp at dis time o' day o' night?"

"Don't you know whether or not I have such a right?" I answered him sternly. "It's your business to know."

"Excuse me, Cap'n, but I wudn't quite sho'," he said—and in a perfectly respectful tone—"an I axed you for information when I wanted to know if you did have de right to go 'trapsin' round dis here camp like er hant (ghost)?"

"He got his answer, and I am sure of one of my sentries at least."

Yank Surprise French Men

More Women Dentists?

Dentistry as a profession may have few attractions generally, especially for women. Nevertheless, it does afford steady and in many cases, highly remunerative work, candidates for which cannot but be interested in number by the exigencies of the war. A certain branch of dental work is known as dental mechanics offers a field which seems peculiarly suited to women, or, at any rate, to those who have the natural delicacy and fineness of touch usually possessed by them. Dental mechanics do not, of course, extend their training to the surgical side of their undertaking. Instead, these qualified dental mechanics have to be adequately instructed in the greater part of the work which is fairly lucrative and distinctly regular, so that it seems certain that more and more of it will fall into the hands of competent women in the future.

A Holiday Announcement!

Books for Christmas—Our line of Books is now ready for your inspection. You will find here, as usual, an excellent assortment. We have the best assortment of books for children and the young folks that we have ever shown. Come in and make your selections while stocks are complete.

Leather Goods—We have an exceptionally fine line of Leather Goods to offer you in Purses, Bill Books, Photo Folders, Address Books and many other novelties.

Japanese Screens—Baskets—Satsuma and Ehemiken Ware Vases, Trays, Etc.

Christmas and New Year Cards and Folders—The Valland line of Framed Mottos and Children's Books. Must be seen to appreciate their beauty.

A good assortment of Pyrolin Ivory Goods.

Toilet Waters and Perfumes and Christmas Candies in beautiful and artistic packages.

We have mentioned no prices. We want you to come in and see our stock, and if pleased with goods and prices, make your Holiday selections here.

Yours for A Merry Christmas,

OTTOS PHARMACY

The REXALL Store

The Fellow who argued with Jim the other night

Can up against the shock of his life.

Jim knows tobacco. And before he got through, Jim made the fellow admit that Real Gravely tastes better and gives a satisfaction you can't get out of ordinary tobacco. A small chew of Gravely lasts so much longer that it costs nothing extra to chew this class of tobacco.

It goes further—that's why you can get the good taste of this class of tobacco without extra cost.

PEYTON BRAND Real Gravely Chewing Plug

each piece packed in a pouch

P. B. GRAVELY TOBACCO CO. DANVILLE, VA.

CHRISTMAS BANKING CLUB

is what you will have next Christmas if you join our

NOW with 5¢

IT IS NOT HARD TO GET THAT \$63.75 OR \$127.50. BRING IN THE 5 CENTS OR 10 CENTS NOW AND EACH WEEK INCREASE YOUR PAYMENTS THE SAME AMOUNT, OR YOU CAN JOIN OUR 50 CENT, \$1.00 OR \$5.00 CLUB, WHERE YOU PAY IN THE SAME AMOUNT EACH WEEK. IN 50 WEEKS:

| | |
|-------------------|----------|
| 10-CENT CLUB PAYS | \$127.50 |
| 5-CENT CLUB PAYS | 63.75 |
| 2-CENT CLUB PAYS | 26.50 |
| 1-CENT CLUB PAYS | 12.75 |

ALL THE MONEY YOU PAY INTO THE CHRISTMAS BANKING CLUB IS YOURS. THERE ARE NO DUES OF ANY KIND. COME IN AND JOIN TODAY. YOU WILL RECEIVE 5% PER CENT INTEREST

Citizen's National Bank



LET US SUGGEST

as gifts--useful and serviceable at this time--many items that are appreciated by men and boys--liked because they are practical and because they are from this store.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

The season's newest creations made for men and boys, by the leaders in styles. All the new colors and weaves in a wide range of prices.

Men's and Young men's Suits and Overcoats from

\$20 to \$50

Boys' Suits and Overcoats from

\$5 to \$18

Shirts and Neckwear

A very useful gift, combining utility and adornment. Well made of percale, silk or madras. The patterns are up to the minute and bound to please. Excellent values at

\$1.25 to \$7

One of the finest assortments of rich silk-ties that we have ever carried. Tie tie or two is always an acceptable gift and we know that you will find just what you want at the price you wish to pay.

50c to \$1.50

Mens Hats Acceptable

You will find both smooth and fuzzy soft ones and likewise the stiff hat, in a variety of style and color. They are tried and proven makes and we know we have your size.

\$3 to \$6

Always Appreciated

A beautiful fur cap is an ever-welcome gift, more especially at Christmas time. A well-chosen cap combines both distinctiveness and utility. We can also show you some very fine cloth ones.

\$1.00 to \$10.00

Bath Robes and Smoking Jackets

A nice warm, soft Bath Robe or a comfy Smoking Jacket are very sure to hit the right spot. They can be had in cotton, wool, velvet or silk, in many neat patterns. Truly a holiday surprise.

\$6 to \$12

Sox Ideal Gifts

A half-dozen or a dozen pair of sox would make an ideal gift. Being constantly worn, they are a continuous reminder of the giver. You will find them in cotton, wool, lisle and silk, both black and colored in a wide range of prices.

25c to \$1.00

Gloves and Mittens

Always desired and acceptable as a Christmas gift. You will surely please him by giving him a pair. An unlimited choice of cloth, leather and fur gloves and mittens, lined and unlined, striped and plain.

\$1.00 to \$7.50

Bags and Suit Cases

When you travel be sure to travel in comfort. Regardless of how well-dressed a man may be, shabby or cheap baggage detracts from his appearance. This may be the last thing you would think of giving as a Christmas gift, but it is probably the first in many a man's mind. Why not?

\$6.00 to \$15.00

Abel & Podawiltz Co., Inc.

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back"

MYER FRIDSTEIN, Pres.

There's many other items such as Shoes, Mufflers, Underwear, Sweaters, Pajamas, Night Shirts, Belts, Garters, Suspenders and Handkerchiefs; any of which should be thoroughly appreciated.

Shop early—shop at your leisure and let us give you that cheerful, personal service for which we are known, and help you make your selections.

WHERE CATS ARE POPULAR

"Cats are commercial assets as seldom heard of," said the Sidewalk Tourist, "but this is quite an important feature with some shopkeepers and restaurant proprietors, floating around the city. I've often been impressed by the frequency with which cats appeared in fruit stores, windows, and the other day I entered a shop and under cover of buying an apple noticed the three cats I saw perched in a store."

"The salesman told me that cats were indispensable in his line because of rats and mice. He pointed out that if one of the rodents took as much as a tiny nip at an apple or piece of fruit, the value of the fruit was impaired; for no one would buy an apple that appeared to have been nibbled. He declared that rats or mice would not eat fruit if they could get something else, but when their hunger became great enough they would attack his stock."

"Everyone has noticed the cats that cats that wander with faint 'meows' about restaurants and shops, patiently at one's feet waiting for a bit of food. These animals, though simply to give a 'honny' touch, they are working and waiting for the time that come for blocks to get at the food. Many restaurants have a cat in the kitchen, and the feline is the feline of the kitchen's door and walls to prevent the animals from gnawing a way into that department. After the dining places close at night and the chairs are stacked up on the tables the mice or rats come out to forage. It is then that the 'whisker' cats are alert hunters."

"Many hotels, especially of small, side-street type, maintain a staff of cats to patrol the corridors. Women guests and the feminine fear of mice keep these relations close by the pay roll. The cat battalion starts out after midnight and many times that doleful wall that strikes your ears is not from the rear yard, as you sleepily fancy, but from the hall outside, where one cat mournfully tells another how poor the hunting is that night. While of course, it is easy enough to keep cats in apartments, the task of training them to consider a shop or restaurant as a permanent home is more difficult."—New York Times.

More Women Dentists?

Dentistry as a profession may have few attractions generally, especially for women. Nevertheless, it does afford steady and in many cases, highly remunerative work, candidates for which cannot but be interested in number by the exigencies of the war. A certain branch of dental work is known as dental mechanics offers a field which seems peculiarly suited to women, or, at any rate, to those who have the natural delicacy and fineness of touch usually possessed by them. Dental mechanics do not, of course, extend their training to the surgical side of their undertaking. Instead, these qualified dental mechanics have to be adequately instructed in the greater part of the work which is fairly lucrative and distinctly regular, so that it seems certain that more and more of it will fall into the hands of competent women in the future.

Scandinavian Moravian Church

9:30 A. M. Sunday school.
10:30 A. M. English service except on the first Sunday of the month when the Norwegian language is used.
8 P. M. evening service.
Scotsville Union Church
3 P. M. preaching service on the 3rd Sunday of each month.
15th Holy Communion will be celebrated immediately after the regular service.
Randolph Moravian Church
Service at 2:30 P. M. Sunday, Dec. 22nd.
The December meeting of the ladies aid society of the Scandinavian Moravian church has been postponed to the week between Christmas and New Years.

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Service at 2:30 P. M. Sunday, Dec. 22nd.
The December meeting of the ladies aid society of the Scandinavian Moravian church has been postponed to the week between Christmas and New Years.

Scandinavian Moravian Church

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8 P. M. evening service.
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Abel & Podawiltz Co., Inc.

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back"

MYER FRIDSTEIN, Pres.

There's many other items such as Shoes, Mufflers, Underwear, Sweaters, Pajamas, Night Shirts, Belts, Garters, Suspenders and Handkerchiefs; any of which should be thoroughly appreciated.

Shop early—shop at your leisure and let us give you that cheerful, personal service for which we are known, and help you make your selections.

LOCAL ITEMS

—Beautiful infant's bath robes. Mrs. J. W. Severance has returned from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. C. Christensen at Chicago.

—J. R. Ruan is nursing a very sore carbuncle on his neck which he had lanced the first of the week.

—Chas. Dixon returned today from Minnesota where he has been dredging for the flood construction Co.

—Buy a War Savings Stamp for your soldier boy for Xmas.

—Joseph Apple and daughter, Anita, of Atlanta spent several days in this city the past week visiting with relatives.

—Mrs. Wm. Swain was called to Chicago on Saturday by the death of her daughter in law, Mrs. Louis Swain.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Rogers returned Monday night from Chicago where they spent several days taking in the sights.

—Judge W. J. Conway went to Marshallfield on Tuesday where he held a term of court for the northern end of Wood county.

—S. N. Whitteley of Cranmoor was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Saturday while in the city on business.

—Emil Knapp of Kellner transacted business in the city on Saturday and while here favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

—Otto's Pharmacy now have their holiday displays complete and invite your inspection.

—Doll carriages at Miller's.

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—Otto's Pharmacy now have their holiday displays complete and invite your inspection.

—Ladies' bath robes at Miller's.

—Mrs. Will Ham and children, of Eau Claire arrived here this week to be with her mother, Mrs. C. O. Hassell, who is seriously ill.

—Mrs. Fred Ragan returned last week from Rockford, Ill., where she had been with Mr. Ragan for some time past, the latter being in camp there.

—Mike Mason who is employed in the government ship yards at West Superior arrived home on Monday being called home by the illness in his family, all being sick with influenza.

—The Stevens Point Normal was closed last Thursday to remain closed until after the holidays. The action was taken on account of the prevalence of influenza in that city, and it is hoped that the conditions will have improved by that time.

—No letters will be accepted hereafter addressed to soldiers and sailors overseas unless the return address of the sender is printed or written upon the envelope. This is to avoid a complex situation in handling of the mails due to return home of the boys overseas.

—Louis C. Johnson of the town of Sigel was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Saturday. Mr. Johnson was preparing to leave for Mississippi where he will be employed on one of the Arpin dredges during the coming season. Mr. Johnson spent one winter in Mississippi and was well pleased with the conditions there.

—An interesting illustration of the remarkable manner in which air travel can be utilized in an emergency is afforded by the trip of 223 miles recently made by James M. Schoonmaker, Jr., son of the Vice President of the Erie Railroad.

—Upon receipt of a long-distance telephone message that his father, who was at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, had undergone a serious operation and was dangerously ill he made a flying visit to his bedside, covering the distance between Dayton and Pittsburgh in 1 hour and 40 minutes, or a rate of more than 130 miles per hour.

RED CROSS BADGES FOR ALL WORKERS

All who have worked for the Red Cross may obtain the badge of loyal service. Certificates are to be awarded to all workers who have the required number of hours to their credit whether this work was done in the office of the workrooms or at the homes.

While it may not be to get the required 800 hours credit in the surgical dressing rooms as these are not all closed yet it is possible for those who have not completed the full 800 hours to get added hours credit by applying for sewing at the Red Cross rooms either at the chapter or branches. There is a great deal of sewing yet to place and by applying to Mrs. Ellen Johnson, chairman of the work you will be able to complete your 800 hours requirement and obtain a certificate and the right to wear the badge of honor.

The women will wear a badge with a ribbon with a bar and safety catch.

A committee of the chapter will have charge of the work. A certificate will be given each worker when properly filled will be OK by the chairman under whose division the work has been done. The basis is 800 hours of service. For each extra 800 hours the badge will contain one stripe woven across the ribbon.

The certificate will be issued to the worker by the chapter and will be your diploma so to speak for Loyal Service in the work of the Red Cross. The chapter greatly desires all workers who have not as yet completed the required 800 hours to apply for such sewing as soon as possible and thereby obtain for themselves the well merited recognition by the Red Cross and their certificate of service.

FOUND ONE SENTRY ALERT

"I was recently breaking in a squad of raw country negroes," remarked Captain C—, stationed at a Virginia camp not far from Washington, "and despite their not infrequent intentions, it was not proving the easiest task in the world, since most of them knew much better how to follow a band than a military unit. This particular group gave me a lot of hard work and I kept pretty close watch on them. One night I decided to give my sentries a surprise visit, but had not got far on my rounds when I was stopped with a peremptory: 'Halt! Who goes da?'"

"I gave the word, but was again brought up with a sharp: 'Halt again! I want to know who you is!'"

"Your commanding officer," was my answer, which did not offend my sentry came back quickly with: "Dat's all right, suh, but is you got de right to go trappin' roun' camp at dis ungodly time o' night?"

"Don't you know I am a sergeant?" I asked. "I have such a right?" I answered him sternly. "It's your business to know."

"Excuse me, Cap'n, but I wasn't quite sho'," he said, and in a perfectly respectful tone—"an I axed you fer information when I wanted to know if you did have de right to go prowlin' roun' dis here camp like o' hant (ghost)?"

"He got his answer, and I am sure of one of my sentries at least."

Yank Surprise French Men

Lieut. J. Way Chase of Eugene, Oregon, is probably regarded as a cowboy proficient in proving this liarist, in the opinion of one French officer. Lieutenant Chase, in a letter to his wife, tells of an incident in connection with the moving of a gun.

"Yesterday we were taking a gun thru a bad place," he writes. "There was about twenty feet of water, and after the gun was moved I still had the brake rope on my side, so I gave it a swing and hung it nicely over the gun out of the water and mud."

"A French captain came and there and said: 'That's pretty good.'"

"Oh, I am from the west, you know," I replied, just as if I had intended to throw the rope that way. He said he knew that place and that it was a fine place. I never let on that I couldn't do the same thing again, and not one asked me to try, so everything went off without argument or explanation."

Not This Year

"What if baseball closes for the season?"

"Nobody can deny that we might have won the pennant."—Louisville Courier Journal.

SUPREMACY IN INSECT MIMICRY

I witnessed a quaint little scene on a blackthorn bush in Epping forest a day or two ago, wrote "L. P." in Manchester (Eng.) Guardian. It is well known that many species of caterpillars so closely resemble the brown, barked stems, while others, being green, fix themselves to the new green stems of the current year's growth.

Among the blackthorn twigs I observed one young member of the darker species sticking out, rigid and motionless, at the orthodox angle of 45 degrees from apparently a young green shoot. On closer examination I discovered that the young green caterpillar for a twig. Surely it is a triumph of insect mimicry.

What had happened was obvious. The disguise of the green caterpillar was so perfect that even another caterpillar—its master in the art of twig imitation—had palpably been completely deceived and mistaken the green caterpillar for a twig. Surely this is a triumph of insect mimicry.

No Proof

Bacon—I see a statement in the paper that the Chinese cultivate caterpillars.

Edgerton—How can they tell they are onions, then?



LET US SUGGEST

as gifts--useful and serviceable at this time--many items that are appreciated by men and boys--liked because they are practical and because they are from this store.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

The season's newest creations made for men and boys, by the leaders in styles. All the new colors and weaves in a wide range of prices.

Men's and Young men's Suits and Overcoats from

\$20 to \$50

Boys' Suits and Overcoats from

\$5 to \$18

Mens Hats Acceptable

You will find both smooth and fuzzy soft ones and likewise the stiff hat, in a variety of style and color. They are tried and proven makes and we know we have your size.

\$3 to \$6

Bath Robes and Smoking Jackets

A nice warm, soft Bath Robe or a comfy Smoking Jacket are very sure to hit the right spot. They can be had in cotton, wool, velvet or silk, in many neat patterns. Truly a holiday surprise.

\$6 to \$12

Gloves and Mittens

Always desired and acceptable as a Christmas gift. You will surely please him by giving him a pair. An unlimited choice of cloth, leather and fur gloves and mittens, lined and unlined, striped and plain.

\$1.00 to \$7.50

Shirts and Neckwear

A very useful gift, combining utility and adornment. Well made of percale, silk or madras. The patterns are up to the minute and bound to please. Excellent values at

\$1.25 to \$7

One of the finest assortments of rich silk ties that we have ever carried. Tie or two is always an acceptable gift and we know that you will find just what you want at the price you wish to pay.

50c to \$1.50

Always Appreciated

A beautiful fur cap is an ever-welcome gift, more especially at Christmas time. A well-chosen cap combines both distinctiveness and utility. We can also show you some very fine cloth ones.

\$1.00 to \$10.00

Sox Ideal Gifts

A half-dozen or a dozen pair of sox would make an ideal gift. Being constantly worn, they are a continuous reminder of the giver. You will find them in cotton, wool, lisle and silk, both black and colored in a wide range of prices.

25c to \$1.00

Bags and Suit Cases

When you travel be sure to travel in comfort. Regardless of how well-dressed a man may be, shabby or cheap baggage detracts from his appearance. This may be the last thing you would think of giving as a Christmas gift, but it is probably the first in many a man's mind. Why not?

\$6.00 to \$15.00

There's many other items such as Shoes, Mufflers, Underwear, Sweaters, Pajamas, Night Shirts, Belts, Garters, Suspenders and Handkerchiefs; any of which should be thoroughly appreciated.

Shop early--shop at your leisure and let us give you that cheerful, personal service for which we are known, and help you make your selections.

Abel & Podawiltz Co., Inc.

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back" MYER FRIDSTEIN, Pres.

WHERE CATS ARE POPULAR

"Cats as commercial assets are seldom heard of," said the Sidewalk Tourist, "but today is quite an important fixture with some shopkeepers and restaurant proprietors. Roaming around the city, I've often been impressed by the frequency with which cats appeared in fruitvenders' windows and in the front of shops and under cover of buying an apple asked about the three cats I saw perched in the store."

"The salesman told me that cats were indispensable in his line because of rats and mice. He pointed out that if one of the rodents took so much as a tiny nip at an apple or pear, the value of the fruit was impaired, for no one would buy an apple that appeared to have been nibbled. He declared that rats or mice would not eat fruit if they could get something else, but when their hunger became great enough they would attack his stock in trade."

"Everyone has noticed the cats that cater waiters with fastidious about restaurants and sit patiently at one's feet waiting for a titbit. These animals aren't there simply to give a decorative touch; they are working and waiting for the rats that come for blocks to get at the food. Many restaurants have a galvanized iron sheet tacked in at the junction of their kitchen's floor and walls to prevent the animals from gnawing a way into that department. After the dining places close at night and the waiting staff are on the tables the mice or rats come out to forage. It is then that the 'watch cats' are alert hunters."

"Many hotels, especially of small, side-street type, maintain a staff of cats to patrol the corridors. Women guests and the feminine fear of mice keep these retainers on the 'pay roll.' The cat patrol starts out after midnight and many times that doleful wail that strikes your ears is not from the rear yard, as you sleepily fancy, but from the hall outside, where the cats are busily hunting for other how poor the hunting is that night. While of course, it is easy enough to keep cats in apartments, the task of training them to consider a shop or restaurant as a permanent home is more difficult."—New York Times.

More Women Dentists?

Dentistry as a profession may have few attractions generally, especially for women. Nevertheless, it does afford steady and it may be said, highly remunerative work, candidates for which cannot but be reduced in number by the exigencies of the war. A certain branch of dental work known as dental mechanics offers a field which seems peculiarly suited to women, or, at any rate, to those who have the natural dexterity and fine sense of touch usually possessed by them. Dental mechanics do not, of course, extend their training to the surgical side of their undertaking, though those qualifying as dental surgeons have to be adequately expert mechanics—the greater includes the less, here as elsewhere—but the work is fairly lucrative and distinctly regular, so that it seems certain that more and more of it will fall into the hands of competent women in the future.

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8 P. M. evening service.

Saratoga Union Church

3 P. M. preaching service on the 3rd Sunday of each month. Dec. 15th Holy Communion will be celebrated immediately after the regular service.

Rudolph Moravian Church

Service at 2:30 P. M. Sunday, Dec. 22nd.

The December meeting of the ladies aid society of the Scandinavian Moravian church has been postponed to the week between Christmas and New Years.

AT JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Read Our Add

You get 10c can Stove Polish.....6c
Campbell's Soup per can.....8 1/2c
A package of Lux.....10c
Lipton's Tea, per pound.....49c
Calumet Baking Powder per lb.....19c
Corn Starch per pound.....6 1/2c

China May Restore Canals

China, in its pressing need for transportation facilities, is considering restoration of its old-time system of canals of which there were at one time 60,000 miles in length. Centuries before the Christian era the great rivers of the celestial empire were diverted from their natural courses, to form these ancient waterways.

A Holiday Announcement!

Books for Christmas—Our line of Books is now ready for your inspection. You will find here, as usual, an excellent assortment. We have the best assortment of books for children and the young folks that we have ever shown. Come in and make your selections while stocks are complete.

Leather Goods—We have an exceptionally fine line of Leather Goods to offer you in Purses, Bill Books, Photo Folders, Address Books and many other novelties.

Japanese Screens—Baskets—Satsuma and Ehemiken Ware Vases, Trays, Etc.

Christmas and New Year Cards and Folders—The Volland line of Framed Mottos and Children's Books. Must be seen to appreciate their beauty.

A good assortment of Pyrolin Ivory Goods.

Toilet Waters and Perfumes and Christmas Candies in beautiful and artistic packages.

We have mentioned no prices. We want you to come in and see our stock, and if pleased with goods and prices, make your Holiday selections here.

Yours for A Merry Christmas,

OTTOS PHARMACY

The REXALL Store

The Fellow who argued with Jim the other night

Can up against the shock of his life.

Jim knows tobacco. And before he got through, Jim made the fellow admit that Real Gravely tastes better and gives a satisfaction you can't get out of ordinary tobacco. A small chew of Gravely lasts so much longer that it costs nothing extra to chew this class of tobacco.

It goes further—that's why you can get the good taste of this class of tobacco without extra cost.

PEYTON BRAND

Real Gravely Chewing Plug

each piece packed in a pouch

P. B. GRAVELY TOBACCO CO., DANVILLE VA.

CHRISTMAS BANKING CLUB

NOW with 5¢

IT IS NOT HARD TO GET THAT \$63.75 OR \$127.50. BRING IN THE 5 CENTS OR 10 CENTS NOW AND EACH WEEK INCREASE YOUR PAYMENTS THE SAME AMOUNT, OR YOU CAN JOIN OUR 50 CENT, \$1.00 OR \$5 CLUB, WHERE YOU PAY IN THE SAME AMOUNT EACH WEEK. IN 50 WEEKS:

| | |
|-------------------|----------|
| 10-CENT CLUB PAYS | \$127.50 |
| 5-CENT CLUB PAYS | 63.75 |
| 2-CENT CLUB PAYS | 25.50 |
| 1-CENT CLUB PAYS | 12.75 |

ALL THE MONEY YOU PAY INTO THE CHRISTMAS BANKING CLUB IS YOURS. THERE ARE NO DUES OF ANY KIND. COME IN AND JOIN TODAY. YOU WILL RECEIVE 5% PER CENT INTEREST

Citizen's National Bank

New Meat Market

Cor. 2nd and Vine Sts
Opposite Wood Co. Nat'l. Bank
Specials for Saturday, Dec. 14th

Pork Specials

| | |
|------------------------|---------|
| Pork Roast | 25c |
| Small Fresh Ham Pork | 25c |
| Pork Chops | 29c |
| Side Pork | 28c |
| Pork Steak | 28c |
| Fresh Backribs | 8c |
| Fresh Pork Snouts | 12 1/2c |
| Fresh Pigs Feet | 9c |
| Leaf Lard | 28 1/2c |
| Link Sausage | 25c |
| Salt Pork Fat | 23c |
| Plate Sausage | 22c |
| Pot Roast | 18c |
| Fresh Made Hamburger | 22c |
| Very Good Boiling Beef | 15c |
| Boneless Roast Beef | 25c |
| Ox Tongues | 22c |
| Sirloin Steak | 22c |
| Porter House Steak | 22c |
| Round Steak | 22c |

Specials in Lamb

| | |
|------------------|-----|
| Lamb stew | 15c |
| Lamb Shoulder | 18c |
| Choice Leg Lamb | 20c |
| Choice Loin Lamb | 18c |

Fancy Veal

| | |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Choice Leg Veal Roast | 25c |
| Choice Loin Veal Roast | 22c |
| Shoulder of Veal | 20c |
| Veal Stew | 17c |
| Home Made Liver Sausage | 18c |
| Home Made Bologna Sausage | 20c |
| Frankfurds | 22c |
| Smoked Liver Sausage | 25c |
| Pressed Ham | 25c |
| Mince Ham | 25c |
| Very Good Bacon | 30c |
| Swift's Premium Bacon | 52 1/2c |
| Counpoint Lard, 5 lbs. | \$1.30 |
| Pure Lard, 5 lbs. | \$1.50 |
| Oleomargarine 1 lb. print | 31c |
| Oleomargarine 2 lb. print | 40c |
| Oleomargarine 5 lb. print | \$1.45 |

TRUTH ABOUT the COTTON SITUATION

INVESTIGATION OF COTTON INDUSTRY WILL BENEFIT THE BUSINESS

(PREPARED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE)

"I will ignore the hysteria of the professional farmers' lobby and discount the self-interest of certain trading and manufacturing interests, we will find that the cotton producer and the fabricating cotton trade and cotton-growing industry have nothing to fear from the action of the war industries board in providing for an allocation of cotton and an inquiry into the whole cotton situation," said Clarence Dudley, assistant secretary of agriculture, in a statement given to the press recently. Mr. Dudley continued:

"I am moved to make these remarks by the publication in the New York Journal of Commerce of October 8 of a denunciations article by Mr. B. H. Comer, president of the American Cotton Shippers' Association, in which the cotton trade is denounced as a monopoly. My concern is primarily to present the truth for the welfare of cotton producers, and secondarily to dispel the misapprehensions of the cotton trade and the cotton-growing industry. I speak from accurate and first-hand information in making the statement that there has not been from the beginning, nor is there now, any set purpose of doing to the cotton producer what he has been told. It is a responsibility that I believe will be necessary in a war measure which is being considered, and it is not a responsibility that I believe will be necessary in a war measure which is being considered, and it is not a responsibility that I believe will be necessary in a war measure which is being considered."

"But there are several reasons for a cotton inquiry."

"In the first place, there have been marked fluctuations in many months during the last few months and more in less since the beginning of the European war, without justifying cause. The cotton market has been more than a hundred points and reached as much as more within a few hours. There have been violent fluctuations, reminding one of the slump at the outbreak of the war, and in no single case has the movement been justified by any real fact of trade importance. All such fluctuations are extremely harmful to producers and legitimate traders and manufacturers."

"In the second place, often and almost continuously during the last few months contract quotations and actual quotations have tended to depress or to discount the true value of cotton."

"In the third place, the prices of cotton goods have been advancing for four years out of all proportion to the prices of cotton. Contrary to popular impression outside of the cotton belt, cotton prices are not out of line with prices of other staple commodities. For instance, on July 1, 1914, the average price of cotton to the farmer was 75.3 cents; on September 1, 1918, under government control, it was \$2.05, an increase of 167 per cent. On the same date, the price of cotton was 12.2 and 12.2, an increase of 100 per cent. The average increase on farm products has not been so great, but the average of manufactured products (except those regulated under war powers) has been as great or greater. One of the most interesting comparisons is found in the price of cotton goods. I quote from Bradstreet's:

Wholesale Prices of Cotton Goods.

"Here are increases of from 201 to 383 per cent. In the fourth place, it developed a few weeks ago that there is rather a scant supply of cotton of the grade of middling of 1-1/4 to 1-1/2 inch staple and an abundance of low-grade cotton on the one hand and extra staple (such as Arizona, Georgia and Florida Sea Island) on the other. The Thompson countries were in the market for the small supply of middling and the speculators were contending for it, while the producers of low-grade cotton were out of the market for buyers. The cotton market was out of joint. Several months ago the department of agriculture forecast this present situation and urged the modification of war goods specifications in order to increase consumption of low-grade cottons, but it takes a long time to readjust commercial and manufacturing customs, because all men are prone to maintain habits, and spinners are averse to incurring trouble or reducing profits."

"But when the new crop began to come to market the war industries board decided it necessary to take action for adjustment. Chairman Baruch of the war industries board did me the honor to consult me, in the absence of Secretary Houston, about the details of the plan he had decided to adopt by constituting a committee of inquiry and a committee of distribution. For a quarter of a century I have given more or less study to the economic aspects of cotton, and I cannot recall a time when the cotton farmer was injured by the revolution of the whole truth about cotton supply and demand. He

has been injured times unnumbered by the half truth. Therefore, I rather welcomed the inquiry which Mr. Baruch felt it necessary, in the discharge of his responsibility for the conservation of all war material, to institute. Developments since then have confirmed my impression. After the first flurry, due mostly to the persistent and unwarranted apprehensions of a few over-zealous spokesmen for the cotton producer, the situation became more stable, more normal, and meanwhile the report of the bureau of cotton estimates exhibits a slightly larger supply of cotton than was reckoned upon the condition of the plant a month earlier. My information is that the commissions representing the allies, the legitimate traders, the more thoughtful members of the cotton trade, the cotton producers, and the cotton-growing industry, all have been working for a reduction of the handsome profits they have been making for three years and more."

"No doubt there has been recently, as there has been always, more or less sharp practice by a certain class of cotton traders. I have never seen the time when some men did not take advantage of any situation to exaggerate, in dishonest and even to falsify facts for speculative advantage. For instance, Secretary Houston was represented as saying that 25 cents a pound was a fair price for cotton. It was utterly false. He had never said anything of the sort. How the story originated I have not the slightest idea. It was a piece of market gossip invented for a purpose by the many another connected and elevated from time immemorial."

"As to market influences, nothing has been so harmful of late as the attitude of a few men from the South who insisted in spite of Chairman Baruch's statements of purpose, that the cotton production of the war industries board was to cause a price to be fixed, and who assumed that if a price were fixed it would be lower than the market price. Market go-spreaders naturally have made the most of such a state of mind. Another harmful influence has been the effort in some quarters to magnify the cost of producing cotton. In this connection, there are those who remember that when the fixing of a wheat price was under consideration some professional speculators and producers sought to have the cotton price fixed at 25 cents, though the market at that time was considerably below 25 cents. These men have created the impression that the South desired price-fixing upward, but was unwilling to have the facts as to real value established. As has often been the case, much harm has been done by the over-zealous, the suspicious and the selfish. All such factors must be discarded in truly appraising the situation."

"Whether intentionally or not, Governor Comer's article in the New York Journal of Commerce and its representatives in the cotton trade to this whole problem. The United States department of agriculture enforces the provisions of the United States cotton futures act, except those portions which relate to the collection of taxes on contracts, and these portions are enforced by the treasury department. The department of agriculture, however, does not establish differentials for grades of cotton other than middling, as one might infer from reading Governor Comer's article. The section 6 contract, which is the contract most used on the two exchanges, is a basic middling contract. Cotton of grades other than middling may be delivered, and the differences on or off middling at which such grades are delivered are determined by the difference prevailing in spot markets designated for that purpose by the secretary of agriculture under the terms of the act."

"This department has no authority to say what differentials shall be quoted by the spot markets. In fact, the New York and New Orleans exchanges give their quotations direct from the spot markets, and the department of agriculture does not even transmit the quotations to the two exchanges. We keep a check on the published differentials of the exchanges, however, and if any error is observed, we immediately advise them. Although we have no authority to control the spot markets, we make it our business to keep in touch with the spot markets, in order that so far as we can do so by co-operation with them, we may assure the accuracy of the spot quotations. Governor Comer has been informed in correspondence that this department does not establish differentials."

"Governor Comer stated that the differentials depressed cotton values on the exchanges from five cents to twelve cents a pound. We keep a record in the bureau of markets showing the average of the middling quotations in the ten officially designated spot markets, and we are constantly making comparisons with the quotations of future spot quotations and the quotations of future spot quotations of New York during the past spring and summer were not as wide apart as five cents per pound except for one or two days."

"The spot markets whose quotations are used by the New York and New Orleans exchanges, in accordance with the law and the designation of the secretary of agriculture in making up the differentials on all middling, are:

Savannah, Galveston, Augusta, Houston, Montgomery, Little Rock, Norfolk, Dallas, New Orleans, Memphis.

"If there is any market in this list which is not a bona fide spot market I should like to have information to that effect. If there are more representative spot markets than the ten selected by the secretary of agriculture I should like to have information to that effect."

"Governor Comer seems very confident about the welfare of the farmer and refers particularly to the fact that the surplus of low-grade cotton at present is not held by the farmers. I take it that the committee on cotton distribution has a much bigger problem ahead of it than merely to take care that farmers shall find a market for their product. The lack of a market for low-grade cotton is lying up a large part of the nation's resources, is crippling prospective purchasers of liberty bonds and otherwise retarding the economic life of the country. That a perfectly good product should thus be placed under the ban and its money value retired from circulation, is intolerable. Even if the surplus low-grade cotton is held by middlemen, these middlemen are the same persons who must buy the farmers' present crop, and if they and their bankers have their capital tied up in a product which they cannot dispose of in turn, they will be unable to buy the farmers' product this year. So whether the farmer holds a surplus of low-grade cotton is not of prime importance, and it appears that anyone who is in the way of getting this cotton into circulation is, in fact, an enemy to the farmer, irrespective of the attitude that he may assume."

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DETERMINATION.

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SAME THING.

Need stopped adding up to look over Rome burning.

"This gives me a glimpse into the future," he remarked to a friend, "it looks so much like a German retreat."

IN THE FUTURE.

"There is one thing coming when men will really enjoy their wives' biscuits and rolls."

"What time is that?"

"When we look back and remember the war bread mother used to make."

OR A LOCK STEP, MAYBE.

Hobble—Penny, ain't it?

Hobble—Go on and leave it out.

Hobble—Why they call it a wedding march when it's really a two-step.

THE TROUBLE.

"Come away from the register, my dear."

"Why can't I sit here to wait myself?"

"Because it's got the flu."

Let in Sunshine

Not only does lack of sunshine impair your health, but it affects your mental attitude. You cannot be an optimist and live in a gloomy place. Many of our most devoted citizens are completely inhibited by a continued application of sunshine. This is the reason all modern hospitals are built on the pavilion plan, which admits light on all sides.

Wall Spaces

More and always more persons seem to appreciate the charm of wide, empty wall spaces. Pictures are now commonly placed directly over appropriate pieces of furniture, or fitted into wall panels especially built for them. Between are refreshingly bare stretches of paneling or wall paper. Pictures are no longer used in great numbers, with the feeling that only walls must be covered.

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Can You Dress On \$125 a Year?

New York.—Since the days of the Roosevelt administration in Washington, depressing statements have come from the social center about the cost of being well dressed. Depressing for the reason that they were so appallingly low. Nothing so produces discouragement in humans, writes a fashion authority, as to be told that they should and can accomplish a desired result on a sum of money that they consider almost too small for the preliminaries.

You as a woman know that full well. What would reduce you to greater rage or a feeling of utter hopelessness than to be told by the head of the family of the amazing achievements of another woman in regard to money, to clothes, and to food?

You have done your best with your allowance, of that you are sure. Such is the feeling that surges in every woman's mind and heart when Washington informs us, infrequently, what can be done in our own chosen line of work at a slight expenditure of money.

Now, when Washington—through the bureau of labor statistics, not through the White House—gives us the average cost of being well dressed the following figures, one feels like giving up the whole problem of how to look well on little. The total yearly allowance for dress for these women who make a smart appearance (the phrase belongs with the statistics) is \$125 a year. Can you do it?

Here Are the Figures.

Outside clothing (suits, coats, sweaters, dresses, waists, dress skirts), \$97.50; hats, \$11.50; shoes, \$14.20; gloves, \$3.32; stockings, \$5.53; corsets, \$3.41; underwear, \$7.18; and miscellaneous, \$14.27.

"As regards external clothing, it would appear that the average well-dressed woman who is well dressed usually chooses these items of her wardrobe from the following priced articles: Suit or coat (alternate years), \$25 to \$30; shirtwaists, \$6 to \$15; one-piece dress, \$15; wool skirt, \$5 to \$10; summer skirts, \$3 to \$5; party dress (worn for two years), \$25.

"If close economy is necessary, a skirt at about \$5 may be worn with

and furthermore, as idlers are rare; these days, the budget may be taken as intended for the average woman. No one includes the millionaire in any form of appeal, information, or advice to women on the matter of clothes.

That the dressed figure is a fashion to the multitude; therefore it is easier to be dictatorial about the latter than the former. The law is better established; the mathematical average has no part. Fashions are, or they are not. They are launched even if they do not succeed; and the excellent interest in them is often caused by the great gamble which is connected with them.

The directorship in the uncorseted figure is a gamble, roughly speaking. It was launched some months ago, but the public thought of those revivals that rarely get beyond the salons of the extreme designers. Yet this inspiration has survived the months, and it grows in fashion, if not in grace. We call it a directorship merely because that epoch in dress exhibited it, along with a host of other fashions that were taken up in the name of "classics." It started as a reaction from the furbelows of the pre-Revolutionary time, as worn by Marie Antoinette. It was called the Greek costume, and the historians tell us that it came about through the attempt of two famous young sculptors to cut a pattern for such a robe for a stout and matronly "mere de famille," who insisted upon it.

The clinging effect of the skirts is as strongly accentuated now as then, and we like the women of that day, who have discarded the chemise; yet it must be quickly said that we use a substitute. We are not going in for the transparent drapery without a lining. No scandals like those of Mme. Hamelin's day for us!

All Skirts Must Cling.

No imposed drapery on the skirt of this winter is permitted to give it bulk or bulging curves. Lines must follow those of the body. In so much have we adopted the classic. Therefore soft materials are preferred. Satin, panne velvet and chiffon velvet are



TWO AFTERNOON FROCKS TRIMMED WITH FUR.

On the left is one showing a short, loose-fitting frock, trimmed with ermine and black. There is a collar of black satin and a long chain of jet. The large hat is of fur. On the right is a black velvet frock fastened in back and trimmed with narrow bands of ermine. There is a sash of black and silver brocade ribbon.

chosen more than other fabrics for frocks.

Chiffon itself has taken a second or third place, and dyed lace is pushed forward as a substitute. Even cream lace is revived for entire frocks, but it does not have the prestige of gray or brown. Both these colors are draped over tulle or satin in the same or a contrasting color.

The old style of "fashioning" is that the exclusive buyers have applied it to coats. In that, each of us get something novel. Jackets of pebble are fashioned in this manner, and there are combinations of velours and soft fur or brown. In very recent fashion, to go with skirts of the cloth, but they rank as coats and not blouses.

Heavy furs are worn that give sufficient protection in the open. And this verdict for peltry placed on peltry pleases the public. Some women like like pack-mules with an overload.

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Frock of Tricotee.

A striking frock of tricotee has a rolling collar of white goatee, so heavily braided with white soutache that it is stiff enough to hold its rolling shape as if it were stiffened with wire.

Along with other revivals, by the way, there comes into the fashions a plentiful use of the old quilting stitch done in gold thread. It is nothing but simple laticework, and can be done by an amateur; but it is vastly effective. It has usurped the place of embroidery of a more lavish and brilliant type, but a gown with this quilting is a gown of a new life as much as the age-old quilt.

Satin Collar on Sweaters.

Some of the new sweaters are made with satin sailor collars and cuffs and satin sashes to match. On one sweater the satin pieces were embellished with circular designs, at the four corners of the collar, at the ends of the sash and at the front of the cuffs, done in embroidered wool.

Waistcoats of Silk.

Separate waistcoats to wear under autumn suits are made of silk and trimmed with colorful soutache braiding or yarn embroidery; some of these models close in the front with one or more buttons; others are more in the shape of slipover jumpers; or over-alls, so popular a number of years ago.

U. S. SOLDIERS REACH NEW YORK

Four Thousand Yanks Come Back Home on the Steamship Mauretania.

LINER ENTERS QUARANTINE

Steamer Reached Its Pier Monday—Spotted Great Reception Planned by Relatives of Boys.

New York, Dec. 2.—The British steamship Mauretania, which is returning to the United States the first large body of American overseas troops, was reported by wireless through the naval communication service.

The ship reached quarantine at 7 p. m. Sunday and docked Monday.

The bulk of the returning soldiers are men from the airplane training camps in England, but there are also several men from the American construction and radio units and about 300 civilian passengers aboard.

The Mauretania's arrival spoiled a great reception that had been arranged for the returning troops. Seidman has the harbor on such a brisk day now as to have with craft for motorboats, tug and harbor and fishing boats were out in great numbers, filled with those anxiously waiting to greet the first American troops to return as a result of the collapse of Germany.

The larger craft went out of the harbor and drifted about Ambrose Channel lightship, in order to be the first to signal their greetings, while the smaller boats were out in great numbers, filled with those anxiously waiting to greet the first American troops to return as a result of the collapse of Germany.

The Mauretania left Liverpool Monday, November 25.

Three other transports will arrive early in the week. They are the Lathams, the Minneapolis, and the Grand Rapids. With the Mauretania contingent they will bring the number of returning forces up to 10,000. This is about half the number that were training in England when the armistice was signed.

Hundreds of requests for passes to the pier where the Mauretania docked were received from relatives. These requests were granted, and it was decided for the safety of the public the men be sent immediately to Camp Mills and other camps about New York, to wait there until such quarantine regulations as are deemed advisable are carried out.

This, however, did not prevent hundreds of relatives from coming to New York to show a welcome to their boys and wait until they are mustered out of the national service after passing a final physical examination.

The units on the Mauretania are:

| Aero Squad. | Infantry Squad. | Infantry Squad. | Infantry Squad. |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 25th | 1st | 1st | 1st |
| 26th | 2nd | 2nd | 2nd |
| 27th | 3rd | 3rd | 3rd |
| 28th | 4th | 4th | 4th |
| 29th | 5th | 5th | 5th |
| 30th | 6th | 6th | 6th |
| 31st | 7th | 7th | 7th |
| 32nd | 8th | 8th | 8th |
| 33rd | 9th | 9th | 9th |
| 34th | 10th | 10th | 10th |
| 35th | 11th | 11th | 11th |
| 36th | 12th | 12th | 12th |
| 37th | 13th | 13th | 13th |
| 38th | 14th | 14th | 14th |
| 39th | 15th | 15th | 15th |
| 40th | 16th | 16th | 16th |
| 41st | 17th | 17th | 17th |
| 42nd | 18th | 18th | 18th |
| 43rd | 19th | 19th | 19th |
| 44th | 20th | 20th | 20th |
| 45th | 21st | 21st | 21st |
| 46th | 22nd | 22nd | 22nd |
| 47th | 23rd | 23rd | 23rd |
| 48th | 24th | 24th | 24th |
| 49th | 25th | 25th | 25th |
| 50th | 26th | 26th | 26th |
| 51st | 27th | 27th | 27th |
| 52nd | 28th | 28th | 28th |
| 53rd | 29th | 29th | 29th |
| 54th | 30th | 30th | 30th |
| 55th | 31st | 31st | 31st |
| 56th | 32nd | 32nd | 32nd |
| 57th | 33rd | 33rd | 33rd |
| 58th | 34th | 34th | 34th |
| 59th | 35th | 35th | 35th |
| 60th | 36th | 36th | 36th |
| 61st | 37th | 37th | 37th |
| 62nd | 38th | 38th | 38th |
| 63rd | 39th | 39th | 39th |
| 64th | 40th | 40th | 40th |
| 65th | 41st | 41st | 41st |
| 66th | 42nd | 42nd | 42nd |
| 67th | 43rd | 43rd | 43rd |
| 68th | 44th | 44th | 44th |
| 69th | 45th | 45th | 45th |
| 70th | 46th | 46th | 46th |
| 71st | 47th | 47th | 47th |
| 72nd | 48th | 48th | 48th |
| 73rd | 49th | 49th | 49th |
| 74th | 50th | 50th | 50th |
| 75th | 51st | 51st | 51st |
| 76th | 52nd | 52nd | 52nd |
| 77th | 53rd | 53rd | 53rd |
| 78th | 54th | 54th | 54th |
| 79th | 55th | 55th | 55th |
| 80th | 56th | 56th | 56th |
| 81st | 57th | 57th | 57th |
| 82nd | 58th | 58th | 58th |
| 83rd | 59th | 59th | 59th |
| 84th | 60th | 60th | 60th |
| 85th | 61st | 61st | 61st |
| 86th | 62nd | 62nd | 62nd |
| 87th | 63rd | 63rd | 63rd |
| 88th | 64th | 64th | 64th |
| 89th | 65th | 65th | 65th |
| 90th | 66th | 66th | 66th |
| 91st | 67th | 67th | 67th |
| 92nd | 68th | 68th | 68th |
| 93rd | 69th | 69th | 69th |
| 94th | 70th | 70th | 70th |
| 95th | 71st | 71st | 71st |
| 96th | 72nd | 72nd | 72nd |
| 97th | 73rd | 73rd | 73rd |
| 98th | 74th | 74th | 74th |
| 99th | 75th | 75th | 75th |
| 100th | 76th | 76th | 76th |
| 101st | 77th | 77th | 77th |
| 102nd | 78th | 78th | 78th |
| 103rd | 79th | 79th | 79th |
| 104th | 80th | 80th | 80th |
| 105th | 81st | 81st | 81st |
| 106th | 82nd | 82nd | 82nd |
| 107th | 83rd | 83rd | 83rd |
| 108th | 84th | 84th | 84th |
| 109th | 85th | 85th | 85th |
| 110th | 86th | 86th | 86th |
| 111th | 87th | 87th | 87th |
| 112th | 88th | 88th | 88th |
| 113th | 89th | 89th | 89th |
| 114th | 90th | 90th | 90th |
| 115th | 91st | 91st | 91st |
| 116th | 92nd | 92nd | 92nd |
| 117th | 93rd | 93rd | 93rd |
| 118th | 94th | 94th | 94th |
| 119th | 95th | 95th | 95th |
| 120th | 96th | 96th | 96th |
| 121st | 97th | 97th | 97th |
| 122nd | 98th | 98th | 98th |
| 123rd | 99th | 99th | 99th |
| 124th | 100th | 100th | 100th |

RAINBOW DIVISION CITED

General Order Issued by General Sumner at Headquarters in France.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The Forty-second division (the Rainbow) of the American expeditionary forces in France has been cited by Maj. Gen. Charles P. Sumner, commander of the Fifth army corps, for the service rendered and the bravery displayed by its personnel. The general order, issued by General Sumner at the headquarters of the corps in France, has reached here.

Expressing appreciation to the Forty-second division upon the termination of its services with the Fifth army corps, General Sumner particularly commends the Eighty-fourth infantry brigade and Sixty-seventh field artillery brigade units of the division.

Saves Money From Hanging.

Sacramento, Cal., Nov. 30.—Governor Stephens has commuted to life imprisonment the sentence to death of Thomas J. Moore, who was to die on December 13.

Return Card on Mail for A. E. F.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Under instructions issued by Postmaster General Burleson no letter mail will be accepted for delivery to members of the American expeditionary forces without a return address on envelope.

Wilson Insult Suit Ended.

Stockport, Dec. 2.—The suit instituted by the American legion against the Aftonblatt of this city, in which it was charged that the newspaper had insulted President Wilson, has been dismissed on technical grounds.

S. O. T. G. Units Broken Up.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The complete demobilization of the student officers' training corps comprising units in hundreds of institutions throughout the country has been decided upon by the war department.

Five Billion in Year for Army.

Washington, Dec. 2.—It cost \$5,645,000,000 to run the American army during the year ending June 30 last; \$1,368,000,000 for the navy and \$1,516,000,000 for the civil government proper.

Commander Aids Release.

Berne, Nov. 30.—General Ulrich, commander of the Swiss army, who is in need of a new official relief of his duties. Since the armistice has been signed, he says, his services can be dispensed with.

Approve League of Nations.

Madrid, Nov. 30.—Both chambers of the Spanish parliament have approved the proposition for the formation of a league of nations and will name a Spanish representative in that organization.

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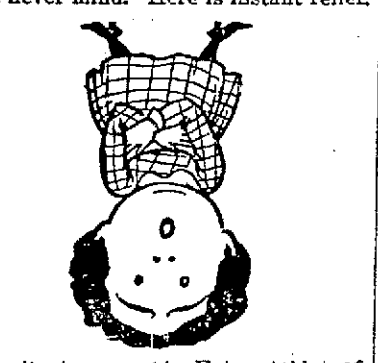
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STOMACH UPSET?

PAPE'S DIAPHRAGM AT ONCE ENDS DYSPEPSIA, ACIDITY, GAS, INDIGESTION.

Your meals hit back! Your stomach is sour, acid, gassy and you feel bloated after eating or you have heavy tummy indigestion pain or headache, but never mind. Here is instant relief.



Don't stay upset! But a tablet of Pape's Diaphragm and immediately the indigestion, gas, acidity and all stomach distress ends.

Pape's Diaphragm tablets are the surest, quickest stomach relievers in the world. They cost very little at drug stores. Adv.

RAT IS FRIEND OF MINERS

Workers Warned of Coming Catastrophe When the Rodents Leave Tunnel—Are Fed by Men.

Investigators of mining conditions and the peculiar dangers to which miners are subjected recently have taken much interest in the practice of Western gold miners to make pets of the rats which commonly infest mines.

On the matter of California it has been found that the miners invariably feed the rats and take care of them, believing that the rodents are a source of protection against accident, says Our Dumb Animals. This is true, the men say, to the extent of the rats, which warns them when a tunnel is almost impossible to get the miners to work there. This recalls the belief among sailors that rats will leave a doomed ship. The miners also have found that rats are much more susceptible than humans to the dangerous gases that so often cause loss of life in the mines.

Long before the miners themselves are affected by these gases the rats become sick and show symptoms of distress. So the men keep close watch of the rats' good health.

How They Conversated.

An American liaison officer who knew little French and a French artillery officer who knew little English had important business together during the height of the recent fighting.

"Henri," said the lieutenant to a young sergeant, "I have seen you talking to Americans several times. Can you speak English?"

"No, mon commandant," answered Henri simply.

For all that, Henri and the American officer were soon engaged in a vivacious conversation. At its conclusion the commandant turned to Henri.

"But you speak English very well," he said.

"No, mon commandant," Henri still insisted. "We were talking in German."

Up to Date.

Secretary Lane, speaking of the way in which the war has changed our viewpoint of life, tells the following: "They were to be married shortly and now they were sitting in the study meditating on the blissfulness of futurity."

"Algy," said the girl suddenly, "every morn you bring me violets which at even you have culled, don't you?"

"If do," responded the ever faithful, "let them cost what they will."

"I've been thinking," continued the girl, "that if you would send beefsteaks and mutton chops instead it would make a lot bigger hit with father and mother, and be a lot cheaper for you, too."

It Didn't Work.

The miscreant stood before the judge, charged with cruelty to his wife. On the hope of obtaining clemency he thought he would pay his wife a cheap compliment.

"Tell you right now, judge. They got me wrong on this cruelty stuff. I've got some woman. She sure is hard to beat."

"Well, you seem to have overcome all obstacles, from her appearance," remarked his honor. And he handed him the limit.

Cataract Cannot Be Cured by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the trouble. CATARRH is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH REMEDY is a powerful blood purifier. It is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surface of the system. HALL'S CATARRH REMEDY is composed of some of the best tonic known, combined with one of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients of HALL'S CATARRH REMEDY is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions.

Druggists sell. Postmaster: Send for F. J. Chaney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Awful Language.

"This English language I cannot understand," waited the poor French soldier to his English friend. "Now, see here; I look in my little book and see that 'see I go quick I go fast, see I am tied up I am fast, see I spend see money too much I am fast."

"An' see I find 'see I see English newspaper'! 'See see one won one one prize'! 'See see English language! 'See see awful'!"

Its Variety.

She (coolly)—Have you a family tree? He (enthusiastically)—Yes, and it's a peach!

Food saving was at first a fad; then a patriotic service; now a habit.

Lives 200 Years! RECEIVING WAR CROSS

The famous national remedy of Holland, has been recognized as an infallible relief from all forms of kidney and bladder disorders. Its very use is proof that it must have unusual merit.

If you are troubled with pains or aches in the back, feel tired in the morning, have indigestion, insomnia, painful or too frequent passage of urine, irritation of the bladder, you will almost certainly find relief in GOLD MEDAL LINNEMAN'S OIL CAPSULES. This is the good old remedy that has stood the test for hundreds of years, prepared in the proper quantity and convenient form to take.

It is imported direct from Holland laboratories, and you can get it at any drug store. It is a standard, old-time home remedy and needs no introduction. Each capsule contains one dose of five drops and is pleasant and easy to take. They will quickly relieve those stiffened joints, that rheumatic rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, back aches, gravel, "brick dust," etc. Your remedy promptly refund if they do not relieve you. But be sure to get the genuine GOLD MEDAL brand. In boxes, three sizes.—Adv.

MADE GERMAN AIRMAN SORE

That Opponent Did Not Adhere to Ordinary Rules of Fighting Seemed to Him Unfair.

Set strategy doesn't always work. But the German mind can't understand anyone's abandoning a fixed method.

"The smartest man I have ever seen," said an American aviator, "was Lieutenant Meinke of the star Twelfth flyer, when he was tipped by Lieutenant Avery. Meinke was Baron Richtofen's successor and the best flyer that Germany had left."

"When Avery tackled him, he abandoned all set principles of air strategy, simply sailed in and opened fire without indulging in preliminary maneuvers. He brought his man down in about three seconds, and this was his first battle."

"When Meinke landed, he was purple with rage, and as far as I could make out his main complaint could be translated in this fashion: 'What kind of flying is this, anyhow?'" —Paris Stars and Stripes.

Results Count.

The American—What happened to you? The Tommy—To tell you the truth, I ain't quite certain. About on minutes ago I was 'avin' a tete-a-tete with a German supper. He was a nice-looking boy—had a face like a murderer. We were crawling on our stomachs, and he came face to face, and he says something 'to me in German, and I answers him in just as bad language. 'What happened then?' 'Well, I 'ates to brag; but I'm 'ere an' 'e hain't.'—Exchange.

In 1918.

Ruth—Yes, Bess and Jack are finally engaged. Did he volunteer or was he drafted?

Slender is a moth that eats holes in a good name.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

of

LOCAL ITEMS

See the beautiful display of holiday goods at Otto's.

G. B. Gardner is confined to his home with influenza.

Tony Edwards is able to be out again after a two weeks illness with influenza.

Attorney W. D. Wadleigh of Galesville spent Wednesday in the city visiting with his old friend, Louis Reichel.

I am closing out the entire stock of millinery, also show cases and fixtures at Allerton's Millinery Store, Fern Walsh.

Robert Reed of the town of Leola was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Wednesday, while in the city on business.

Meet us at the New Years Celebration Dance at Rudolph Jan. 2, 1919.

Mrs. Mary Loy of Fremont spent several days in the city this week, having been called here by the death of her mother, Mrs. Lucas Lynch.

E. F. Kruger returned on Tuesday from Chicago where he has spent the greater part of two weeks purchasing a large stock of groceries and merchandise that was partially damaged by fire for the Johnson & Hill Co.

Wassau Pilot, E. X. Shilling of the town of Castle, this county, who was arrested on indictments returned by the grand jury, charged with violations of the espionage act, was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$2,500 and to serve a term of eighteen months in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, to which place he was taken Thursday.

Holiday displays now complete at Otto's Pharmacy. Come in and see them.

Why is it that when a man is making an act of himself he insists on going around bragging about it?

AT JOHNSON & HILL CO.
Read Our Ads

A package Raisins 11 oz. 25c
A package Spaghetti 10c
A pound of Fancy American Cheese 30c
A lot of Toilet Soap per bar, 5 and 10c
A package of Grape Nuts 15c
And many other items.

WANT COLUMN

FOR SALE—One hot splash run two winters. Wm. Suhr. 21

FOR SALE—Seasoned wood. Mrs. Charles E. Daly. 21

FOR SALE—Chick if taken at once. A house, barn and 5 acres of land. Inquire of Mrs. Peter Finkman, at telephone 635. 21

WANTED—Farm to rent on shares. One ready stocked. Address Farmer, care of Grand Rapids Tribune. 21

FARM FOR RENT—Town of Arpin, 160 acres, half mile from cheese factory. For further information see A. J. Cowell, 1273 Washington Ave., Grand Rapids. 21

FOR SALE—Compliment girl for general housework. Call 525 or at 436 Third St. S. 21

FOR SALE—A pure bred Holstein bull calf, mostly white, very good breeding, age one month. Will exchange for a \$50 Liberty bond. This is an exceptionally good individual and is a great bargain. If interested write Lock box 275, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, or call at the Tribune office. 21

FOR SALE—10 good Jersey cows. Some fresh and balance springers. L. L. Ferguson, 7 1/2 miles N. E. of Grand Rapids. 21

FOR SALE CHEAP—A two seated cutter and two seated stroller. Inquire of Ray Johnson at Johnson & Hill Co. 21

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Telephone 104 during the daytime or to 421 after six o'clock. 21

FOR SALE—One slightly used high grade piano for sale at a bargain. Matthews Bros., west end of bridge. 21

FOR RENT—House on 1st Ave. S. No. 223. Adjoining Commercial hotel, water an electric lights, bath room. F. MacKinnon. 11

FOR RENT—Small flat over the Haylock building on First street south, water, lights and toilet. A cheap place for small family. Inquire of A. D. Sutor at Tribune office. 21

FOR RENT—Haylock building on First Street south. Will rent for storage for furniture, etc. A. D. Sutor, Tribune office. 21

COAL AND WOOD

The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.

Keep Coal moving. There are consumers who want certain grades and sizes of coal but the happiest are those who make the best of what they can procure during these strenuous times.

CALL US UP AT
Phone 416 or 5

BOSSERT BROTHERS

WOOD AND COAL YARDS

CORRECT GLASSES

All Opticians Claim To Make Them—

I make the EYES PROVE the GLASSES are CORRECT or they do not leave my establishment.

If your Glasses are correct today, you can see PERFECTLY. If not, the Glasses should be discarded and CORRECT GLASSES worn—do not experiment—visit

LOUIS REICHEL

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE!

Secretary McAloo has sent a personal telegram asking everybody to fulfill their WAR SAVING pledges and buy as many WAR SAVING STAMPS for CHRISTMAS as their means will permit. This is a fine opportunity to show our brave troops how you appreciated their fine work.

L. M. NASH,
Chairman Wood County War Savings Committee.

Red Cross Week!

Dec. 16th to the 23rd.

Annual Membership in the Red Cross will cost you \$1.00

DURING THE COMING WEEK

every person of age should join the American Red Cross. If you are already a member be sure and renew your membership.

Grand Rapids should show a Red Cross Membership Flag in every house in town. Make it 100% Red Cross Town

OUR SCHOOLS ARE 100 PER CENT

Make Every Home 100%

Solicitors will call on you beginning next Monday and take your membership

The Red Cross has yet to help the returning soldiers, help the sick and wounded in our hospitals and also the sick at home.

YOU HELP ALL THESE WHEN YOU PAY YOUR ONE DOLLAR

TO THE RED CROSS

By Grand Rapids Chapter.

D.W. GRIFFITH'S
OF THE
HEARTS
OF THE
WORLD

DALY'S THEATRE, 2 days starting Wednesday night, Dec. 18th
with Matinee Thursday at 2:30

PEOPLES CASH & CARRY STORE

ORIGINATORS AND MAINTAINERS OF LOW PRICES

Hollenbeck's Fancy Summer Sausage, per pound 25c
Armour's Fancy Bologna, per pound 18c
Armour's Pure Lard per pound 12c
Armour's High Grade Compound per pound 27c
Crises in 1 and 3 pound tins, per pound 30c
Fancy Sliced Beef per pound 50c
Fancy Sliced Bacon, lean or fat per pound 45c
Bulk Peanut Butter per pound 20c
Puffed Wheat or Rice or Corn Flakes per package 13c
Fancy Bean Pork, Saturday for per pound 23c
Magle Washer Soap, highest grade soap on the market, bar, 5 1/2c
Buy it by the box

Pearl White Soap, 10 bars for 55c
Green Bay Yellow Soap per bar 6c
Fancy Imitation Pickles per dozen 16c
Apple Butter for the kids per pound 15c
Pure Strawberry Jam per pound 24c
Dr. Price's Corn Plasters per package 14c
Carnation, the milk you can whip, large size, 14c
Ball's Apples a low bushel left at per bushel \$1.45
Fancy Pie Cranberries per quart or pound \$1.45
Don't Hurry or Gold Medal Flour 2 1/2 lb. sack \$2.00
40 pound sack \$2.00

It has a world's reputation and we stand back of every sack. Take home a quart of Booth's fresh Baltimore oysters for qt. 75c. Dwyer's Lemon Pie Filler, one pound size, 40c
Enough for 8 pies, or your money back

T. P. Peerenboom

A Christmas Suggestion for Those Who Have Boys "Over There"

The regulations prevent your sending him the many nice things which you yearn to give that brave boy so dear to your heart, but there is no regulation against going the limit for a Bank Book in his name.

You can talk as you please, a little ready money with which to start life when he comes home, will make a bigger hit than the cheers.

Wood County National Bank

"The Big Bank on the Corner"

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

RUDOLPH

Last Sunday being the Feast of the Immaculate Conception, the Choir of St. Philomena's sang the Vespers for the first time. Rev. Father P. J. Wagner's discourse on the "Spirit of Music" was a masterpiece of beauty and eloquence. At present the choir are practicing a new mass for Christmas.

Meet us at the New Years Celebration Dance at Rudolph Jan. 2, 1919.

MARKET REPORT

Potatoes, white stock, cwt. \$1.20
Potatoes, stray beauties, cwt. \$1.30
Early Irish and Ohio \$1.00
Spring Russets 18c
Beans 17-18c
Geebs 62c
Eggs 10-14c
Hides 10-12c
Pork, dressed 18c
Veal 10-18c
Butter 54c
Oats 55c
Hay, Timothy \$20-\$22
Rye \$1.45
Buckwheat per cwt. \$2.00
Wheat Flour \$12.20
Rye Flour \$13.60

"Say It With Flowers"

Place your order NOW—The supply is limited. There is little or no Holly in market, will have it if possible to obtain. Phone wants to No. 25

Henry R. Ebsen,
FLORIST

December Bargains at Steinberg's Store

Sale Starts Friday, Dec. 13, Lasting One Week.

Coats

We have a lovely stock of Coats and will close them out Below Cost.

\$45.00 Coats in Velour Broad-cloth at \$35.00

\$37.50 and \$40 Coats to close out at \$32.00

\$35.00 Coats, closing out price \$28.50

\$22.00 Coats, closing out price \$16.50

Suits

One-Third Off on all Ladies' and Misses' Suits in stock.

Hats at Half Price

Any Ladies, Misses or Children's trimmed or untrimmed Hat at Half Price

Dresses and Skirts

\$10.00 to \$11.00 Dresses \$8.95

\$20.00 Dresses, closing out price \$16.25

\$30.00 and \$32.50 Dresses \$24.95

Ten Per Cent Discount on all Ladies' Skirts during this sale.

\$6.95 Georgetown Crepe Waists \$5.95

Underwear

Mens heavy fleeced Union Suits \$1.75

Ladies Underwear, \$1 value 85c

Wool Underwear at a big reduction.

A Few Suggestions for Christmas Gifts

Silk Hosiery, Gloves, Camisoles, Patent Leather Belts, Handkerchiefs, Furs, Petticoats, Breakfast Caps, Georgetown Waists, Towels, Fancy Sweaters, Knit Caps, Collars, Children's Dresses, Windsor Ties, Veils, Aprons.

STEINBERG'S STORE,

Grand Rapids, Wis.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

LUCKY GROCERY PURCHASE

We were fortunate in buying \$15,000.00 worth of groceries very cheap, which we are putting on sale at ridiculously low prices. This is the BIGGEST BARGAIN SALE we have ever been able to offer our customers. It will pay you to stock up for a year. We are putting many items on sale in other departments of our store at very low prices. It will pay you to attend this sale, if possible, as you can save lots of money. If it is impossible to come send us your orders by mail. Be sure and send enough money to cover the price of the goods and the postage or express charges. All prices quoted are for cash and carry. One-half cent per pound or article will be added for delivery or charged sale. We reserve the right to restrict the quantity of any item to be sold to each customer.

COME EARLY IN THE MORNING AND AVOID THE RUSH COMPARE THESE PRICES WITH WHAT YOU ARE PAYING

1 lb. can Calumet Baking Powder 19c
6 ounce can Royal Baking Powder 16c
12 ounce can Royal Baking Powder 30c
Dried Beef, 7 ounce cans, worth 35c, now 24c
20 Mule Team Borax, 1 lb. pkg. worth 20c, now 11c
Brooms at about 65c on the dollar 60c, 65c, 75c
Butter Color, Wells & Richardson Dandelion brand, worth 25c, now 14c
CHEESE, American well cured, the lb. 30c
Cheese is worth from 40c to 45c the pound

Crisco, 1 pound can 29c, 3 pound can 87c
Sun Bright Cleanser, a dandy at only, per can, 4c
Wilbur's Premium Baking Chocolate, 1/2 lb. cake, 16c
Regular price 22c

We only have 300 dozen of this number. Come quick

Eagle Lye, per can 6 1/2c

Sphegette, noodles or macaroni, the package 6 1/2c

20 Mule Team Soap Chips, large size, each 34c

20 Mule Team Soap Chips, small size, each 10c

BLUE LABEL KARO SYRUP, 10 lb. pail, each 60c

CORN STARCH, 1 lb. pkg. sells for 10 and 12c

Our price now 6 1/2c

5000 TABLETS (In Drug Department) 3 1/2c each

Lead Pencils, a good one, each 2c

Safety Pins, per card of 12, good size, per card 6c

TEA: Lipton's, the pound 49c

Uncolored Japan, tea, a fine lot, the lb. 39c

Letley's Tea, the fancy grade, the lb. 43c

Bulk Japan uncolored tea, basket fired, nothing better, the lb. 49c

Talcum powder, standard grade, 15c cans each 7c

Sealing wax, large size, the pkg. 6 1/2c

Libby's Condensed Milk, per tall can 12c

Hebe Milk, tall cans each 10 1/2c

Do not wait too long. This is one of the biggest bargains on record. Milk is going to be very high this winter.

JELLO, the great dessert, the pkg. 7 1/2c

JEFFY JELL, (This powder sells for 15c) pkg., 10c

TRYPHOSA, the good jelly dessert, the pkg. 7 1/2c

NATIONAL ROLLED OATS, large size, while they last, each 19c

SOMETHING TO SAY ABOUT COFFEE

We must state that this coffee sale is one of the best bargains ever offered to the public at any time. This coffee is steel cut and put up in 1, 2, and 3 lb. tin cans, coffee that usually sells at 35c and 40c, the pound. We put the whole lot of 1200 pounds for sale at the ridiculous low price of 26c the pound. All this coffee as stated before is put up in tin cans, it keeps better.

One lot of Santos and Rio Coffee in bulk at 19 1/2c the pound. Can you beat it? Well, just try it and see.

Lamp wicks, any size, we have in stock 1/2c each

For No. 1, 2, and 3, burner. What do you think of the price;

LOOK! Don't Overlook This Item

35c size jar BEECHNUT PEANUT BUTTER. THE BEST PEANUT BUTTER MADE

Our price

22c the jar

Remember, the jar is a good jelly glass, worth at least 4c. Makes the butter not you 18c

Children all like it an dits good nourishing food.

RAISINS, 11 ounce package now 9c

Quart cans Mollasses, very fancy, worth 25c per can, now 12c

Mustard, prepared, 10c and 15c glass jars 7c

Potted Meat, per can, worth 15c, now 8c

Rising Sun Stove Polish, 10c cakes, each 6c

Van Camps Pork and Beans, No. 2 size, per can, 10c

A LOT OF ARM & HAMMER SALERATAS, packages slightly damaged, price ranges from 2c, 3c, 4c and 5c. The 5c packages not damaged.

LAUNDRY SOAP. A lot of white laundry soap—Bob White, Classic, Galvanic—5c the bar Limited to 25 bars to a customer

LUX for dainty clothes, such as laces, etc., pkg, 10c

Loyal Linen Washing Powder, pkg. 10c

Save-An-Egg (an egg substitute) It sells per pkg, 16c

Grape Nuts, the pkg. 11c

Lamp burners, any size, No. 1, 2, and 3. Just look at these prices: 3c for No. 1, 5c for No. 2 and 7c for No. 3. Come quick. We only have 2000 assorted.

Mazola Oil, pint can 30c

Mazola, oil, quart can 55c

Japanese Safety Match, 1 doz. small boxes in carton. Per carton 7 1/2. Wholesale price today is 10 1/2c the package. Look at the saving

None Such Mince Meat. Put up in 5lb packages, at the pound 8c. This much in the small package would cost you 15 1/2c the pound. Buy a large package and save over 7 1/2c the pound.

Canned corn or peas, per can (Cash and Carry) 12 1/2

Grand Ma's Washing Powder, large size, each 17

These are worth from 10c to 12c per can Cash and Carry

Oil Sardines, domestic, per can 7c

CAMPBELL'S SOUPS, per can 8 1/2c

Not over 6 to a customer. Cash and Carry

Olives in bottles, worth 35c, now 22c

Olives, worth 30c, now 17c

Olives, worth 25c, now 15c

A lot of wooden pipes 9c. They are worth 25c

A lot of pipes, each 22c

These pipes are worth from 35c to 50c each

INSTANT POSTUM, Small size package 22c

One lot of Castile soap. Towel with every bar 1/2 price, each 7 1/2c

POST TOASTIES, large size package 13c

Whitmore Shoe Polish, 25c package 11c

15c bottle shoe polish 7c

Rising Sun Stove Polish, 10c cakes, each 6c

Van Camps Pork and Beans, No. 2 size, per can, 10c

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Grape Nuts, the pkg. 11c

1/2c per each article or pound if charged or delivered 1/2c per each article or pound if charged or delivered 1/2c per each article or pound if charged or delivered

LOCAL ITEMS

See the beautiful display of holiday goods at Otto's.

G. B. Gardner is confined to his home after a two weeks illness with influenza.

Attorney W. D. Wadleigh of Galesville spent Wednesday in the city visiting with his old friend, Louis Reichel.

When closing out the entire stock of millinery, also show cases and fixtures at Alberton's Millinery Store, Fern Walsh.

Robert Reid of the town of Leola was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Wednesday, while in the city on business.

Meet us at the New Years Celebration Dance at Rudolph Jan. 2, 1919.

Mrs. Mary Lee of Fremont spent several days in the city this week, having been called here by the death of her mother, Mrs. Lucas Pyrch.

C. F. Krueger returned on Tuesday from Chicago where he has spent the greater part of two weeks purchasing a large stock of groceries and merchandise that was partially damaged by fire for the Johnson & Hill Co.

Wasson Pitts, F. X. Shilling of the town of Chate, this county, who was arrested on indictments returned by the grand jury, charged with violations of the espionage act, was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$3,500 and to serve a term of eighteen months in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., to which place he was taken Thursday.

Holiday displays now complete at Otto's Pharmacy. Come in and see them.

Why is it that when a man is making an ass of himself he insists on going around braying about it?

AT JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Read Our Ad

A package Raisins 11 oz. 9c
A package Spices 11 oz. 6c
A pound of Fancy American Cheese 30c
A lot of Toilet Soap per bar 5 and 6c
A package of Grape Nuts 11c
And many other items

WANT COLUMN

FOR SALE—One half sleigh, run two winters. Wm. Suhr. 217

FOR SALE—Seasoned wood. Mrs. Charles E. Daly.

FOR SALE—Cheap if taken at once. A house, barn and 5 acres of land. Inquire of Mrs. Peter Fronen, or telephone 625.

WANTED—Farm to rent on shares. One ready stocked. Address Farmer, care of Grand Rapids Tribune.

FOR RENT—Town of Arpin, 160 acres, half mile from cheese factory. For further information see A. J. Cowell, 1275 Washington Ave., Grand Rapids. 417

FOR SALE—Computer girl for general housework. Call 525 or at 426 Third St. S.

FOR SALE—A pure bred Holstein bull calf, mostly white, very good breeding, age one month. With exchange for a \$50 Liberty bond. This is an exceptionally good individual and is a great bargain. If interested write Lock box 275, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, or call at the Tribune office.

FOR SALE—10 good Jersey cows. Some fresh and balance springers. L. L. Purgeson, 7 1/2 miles N. E. of Grand Rapids. 21

FOR SALE—A two seated cutter and two seated sleigh. Inquire of Ray Johnson at Johnson & Hill Co.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Telephone 184 during the daytime or to 421 after six o'clock.

FOR SALE—One slightly used high grade piano for sale at a bargain. Matthews Bros., west end of bridge.

FOR RENT—House on 1st Ave. S. No. 223. A 4 rooming Commercial hotel, water and electric lights, bath room. E. MacKinnon. 11

FOR RENT—Small flat over the Haydock building on First street south, water, lights and toilet. A cheap place for small family. Inquire of A. B. Sutor at Tribune office.

FOR RENT—Haydock building on First street south. Will rent for storage for furniture etc. A. B. Sutor, Tribune office.

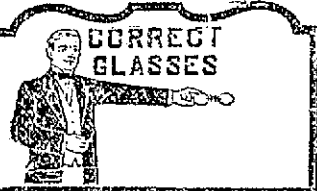
COAL AND WOOD

The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.

Keep Coal moving. There are consumers who want certain grades and sizes of coal and the happiest are those who make the best of what they can procure during these strenuous times.

CALL US UP AT Phone 416 or 5

BOSSERT BROTHERS
WOOD AND COAL YARDS



All Opticians Claim To Make Them—

I make the EYES PROVE the GLASSES are CORRECT or they do not leave my establishment.

If your glasses are correct today, you can see PERFECTLY; if not, the glasses should be discarded and CORRECT GLASSES worn—do not experiment—visit

LOUIS REICHEL

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE!

Secretary McAdoo has sent a personal telegram asking everybody to fulfill their WAR SAVING pledges and buy as many WAR SAVING STAMPS for CHRISTMAS as their means will permit. This is a fine opportunity to show our brave troops how you appreciated their fine work.

L. M. NASH,
Chairman Wood County War Savings Committee.

Red Cross Week!

Dec. 16th to the 23rd.

Annual Membership in the Red Cross will cost you \$1.00

DURING THE COMING WEEK

every person of age should join the American Red Cross. If you are already a member be sure and renew your membership.

Grand Rapids should show a Red Cross Membership Flag in every house in town. Make it 100% Red Cross Town

OUR SCHOOLS ARE 100 PER CENT
Make Every Home 100%

Solicitors will call on you beginning next Monday and take your membership

The Red Cross has yet to help the returning soldiers, help the sick and wounded in our hospitals and also the sick at home.

YOU HELP ALL THESE WHEN YOU PAY YOUR ONE DOLLAR

TO THE RED CROSS

By Grand Rapids Chapter.

D.W. GRIFFITH'S
HEARTS
OF THE
WORLD

DALY'S THEATRE, 2 days starting Wednesday night, Dec. 18th
with Matinee Thursday at 2:30

PEOPLES CASH & CARRY STORE

ORIGINATORS AND MAINTAINERS OF LOW PRICES

Hollenbeck's Fancy Summer Sausage, per pound. 25c
Armour's Fancy Bologna, per pound. 18c
Armour's Pure Lard per pound. 32c
Armour's High Grade Compound per pound. 27c
Crisco in 1 and 3 pound tins, per pound. 30c
Fancy Sliced Beef per pound. 50c
Fancy Sliced Bacon, lean or fat per pound. 45c
Bulk Peanut Butter per pound. 20c
Puffed Wheat or Rice or Corn Flakes per package. 13c
Fancy Bean Pork, Saturday for per pound. 23c
Magic Washer Soap, highest grade soap on the market, bar. 5 1/2c
Buy It By the Box
Pearl White Soap, 10 bars for. 55c
Green Day Yellow Soap per bar. 5c
Fancy large Dill Pickles per dozen. 15c
Apple Butter for the kids per pound. 15c
Pure Strawberry Jam per pound. 24c
Dr. Price's Corn Flakes per package. 30c
Carnation, the milk you can whip, large size. 14c
Baldwin Apples a few bushel left at per bushel. 8.14c
Fancy Pie Cranberries per quart or pound. 8c
Ben Hur or Gold Medal Flour 24 1/2 lb. sack. 82.90
49 pound sack.
It has a world's reputation and we stand back of every sack.
Take home a quart of Booth's fresh Baltimore oysters for qt. 75c
Dwight's Lemon Pie Filler, one pound size. 40c
Enough for 8 pies, or your money back

T. P. Peerenboom

A Christmas Suggestion for Those Who Have Boys "Over There"

The regulations prevent your sending him the many nice things which you yearn to give that brave boy so dear to your heart, but there is no regulation against going the limit for a Bank Book in his name.

You can talk as you please, a little ready money with which to start life when he comes home, will make a bigger hit than the cheers.

Wood County National Bank

"The Big Bank on the Corner"

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

RUDOLPH

Last Sunday being the Feast of the Immaculate Conception, the Choir of St. Philomena's sang the Mass for the first time. Rev. Father P. J. Wagner's discourse on the "Spirit of Music" was a masterpiece of beauty and eloquence. At present the choir are practicing a new mass for Christmas.

Meet us at the New Years Celebration Dance at Rudolph Jan. 2, 1919.

MARKET REPORT

Potatoes, white stock, cwt. \$1.20
Potatoes, stray beauties, cwt. \$1.30
Early Rose and Ohio \$1.00
Spring Roosters 18c
Hens 16c
Ducks 17-18c
Eggs 62c
Beef 10-14c
Hides 10-12c
Pork dressed 18c
Veal 16-18c
Butter 54c
Oats \$20-\$23
Hay, Timothy \$1.45
Rye \$1.20
Buckwheat per cwt. \$3.00
Wheat Flour \$12.20
Rye Flour \$11.60

"Say It With Flowers"

Place your order NOW—The supply is limited. There is little or no Holly in market. Will have it if possible to obtain. Phone wants to No. 25

Henry R. Ebsen,
FLORIST

December Bargains at Steinberg's Store

Sale Starts Friday, Dec. 13, Lasting One Week.

Coats

We have a lovely stock of Coats and will close them out Below Cost.

\$45.00 Coats in Velour Broad- cloth at \$35.00
\$37.50 and \$40 Coats to close out at \$32.00
\$35.00 Coats, closing out price \$28.50
\$22.00 Coats, closing out price \$16.50

Suits

One-Third Off on all Ladies' and Misses' Suits in stock.

Hats at Half Price

Any Ladies, Misses or Childrens trimmed or untrimmed Hat at Half Price

Dresses and Skirts

\$10.00 to \$14.00 Dresses \$8.95
at
\$20.00 Dresses, closing out price \$16.25
\$30.00 and \$32.50 Dresses \$24.95
at
Ten Per Cent Discount on all Ladies Skirts during this sale.
\$6.95 Georgette Crepe Waists \$5.95
at

Underwear

Mens heavy fleeced Union Suits \$1.75
at
Ladies Underwear, \$1 value 85c
at
Wool Underwear at a big reduction.

STEINBERG'S STORE,

Grand Rapids, Wis.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

LUCKY GROCERY PURCHASE

We were fortunate in buying \$15,000.00 worth of groceries very cheap, which we are putting on sale at ridiculously low prices. This is the BIGGEST BARGAIN SALE we have ever been able to offer our customers. It will pay you to stock up for a year. We are putting many items on sale in other departments of our store at very low prices. It will pay you to attend this sale, if possible, as you can save lots of money. If it is impossible to come send us your orders by mail. Be sure and send enough money to cover the price of the goods and the postage or express charges. All prices quoted are for cash and carry. One-half cent per pound or article will be added for delivery or charged sale. We reserve the right to restrict the quantity of any item to be sold to each customer.

COME EARLY IN THE MORNING AND AVOID THE RUSH COMPARE THESE PRICES WITH WHAT YOU ARE PAYING

1 lb. can Calumet Baking Powder 19c
6 ounce can Royal Baking Powder 16c
12 ounce can Royal Baking Powder 30c
Dried Beef, 7 ounce cans, worth 35c, now 24c
20 Mule Team Borax, 1 lb. pkg, worth 20c, now 11c
Brooms at about 65c on the dollar. 60c, 65c, 75c
Butter Color. Wells & Richardson Dandelion brand, worth 25c, now 14c
CHEESE, American well cured, the lb. 30c
Cheese is worth from 40c to 45c the pound
Crisco, 1 pound can 29c, 3 pound can 87c
Sun Bright Cleanser, a dandy at only, per can. 4c
Wilbur's Premium Baking Chocolate, 1/2 lb. cake 16c
Regular price 22c
We only have 300 dozen of this number. Come quick
Eagle Lye, per can. 6 1/2c
Sphegette, noodles or macaroni, the package. 6 3/4c
20 Mule Team Soap Chips, large size, each 34c
20 Mule Team Soap Chips, small size, each 10c
BLUE LABEL KARO SYRUP, 10 lb. pail, each. 60c
CORN STARCH, 1 lb. pkg. sells for 10 and 12c
Our price now 6 1/2c
5000 TABLETS (In Drug Department) 3 1/2 each
Lead Pencils, a good one, each 2c
Safety Pins, per card of 12, good size, per card 6c
TEA: Lipton's, the pound. 49c
Uncolored Japan, tea, a fine lot, the lb. 39c
Lettley's Tea, the fancy grade, the lb. 43c
Bulk Japan uncolored tea, basket fired, nothing better, the lb. 49c
Talcum powder, standard grade, 15c cans each. 7c
Sealing wax, large size, the pkg. 6 1/2c
Libby's Condensed Milk, per tall can 12c
Hebe Milk, tall cans each 10 1/2c
Do not wait too long. This is one of the biggest bargains on record. Milk is going to be very high this winter.
JELLO, the great dessert, the pkg. 7 1/2c
JIFFY JELL, (This powder sells for 15c) pkg. 10c
TRYPHOSA, the good jelly dessert, the pkg. 7 1/2c
NATIONAL ROLLED OATS, large size, while they last, each 19c

SOMETHING TO SAY ABOUT COFFEE ! !

We must state that this coffee sale is one of the best bargains ever offered to the public at any time. This coffee is steel cut and put up in 1, 2, and 3 lb. tin cans, coffee that usually sells at 35c and 40c, the pound. We put the whole lot of 1200 pounds for sale at the ridiculous low price of 26c the pound. All this coffee as stated before is put up in tin cans, it keeps better.
One lot of Santos and Rio Coffee in bulk at 19 1/2c the pound. Can you beat it? Well, just try it and see.

Lamp wicks, any size, we have in stock 1/2c each
For No. 1, 2, and 3, burner. What do you think of the price;

LOOK! Don't Overlook This Item

35c size jar BEECHNUT PEANUT BUTTER, THE BEST PEANUT BUTTER MADE
Our price

22c the jar

Remember, the jar is a good jelly glass, worth at least 4c. Makes the butter net you 18c
Children all like it an dits good nourishing food.

RAISINS, 11 ounce package now 9c

Quart cans Mollasses, very fancy, worth 25c per can, now 12c
Mustard, prepared, 10c and 15c glass jars 7c
Potted Meat, per can, worth 15c, now 8c
Shoe polish paste, assorted, 10c and 12c boxes 6c

Nut Chocolate Bars, 4c each or 3 for 10c
All Day Suckers, each 1c
These are worth 2c each
Cocoanut Shepps, 1/4 pound pkg, 7c worth 10c
Marachino Cherries, med. size bottle, worth 30c, on sale at 19c
Yucatan gum, during this sale, 2 packages for 5c

Lamp burners, any size, No. 1, 2, and 3. Just look at these prices: 3c for No. 1, 5c for No. 2 and 7c for No. 3. Come quick. We only have 2000 assorted.

Mazola Oil, pint can 30c
Mazola, oil, quart can 55c

Japanese Safety Match, 1 doz. small boxes in carton. Per carton 7 1/2. Wholesale price today is 10 1/2c the package. Look at the saving

Nene Such Mince Meat. Put up in 5lb packages, at the pound 8c. This much in the small package would cost you 15 1/2c the pound. Buy a large package and save over 7 1/2c the pound.

Caned corn or peas, per can (Cash and Carry) 12 1/2
Grand Ma's Washing Powder, large size, each 17
These are worth from 10c to 12c per can
Cash and Carry

Oil Sardines, domestic, per can 7c
CAMPBELL'S SOUPS, per can 8 1/2c
Not over 6 to a customer. Cash and Carry

Olives in bottles, worth 35c, now 22c
Olives, worth 30c, now 17c
Olives, worth 25c, now 15c

A lot of wooden pipes 9c. They are worth 25c
These pipes are worth from 35c to 50c each
INSTANT POSTUM, Small size package 22c

One lot of Castile soap. Towel with every bar 1/2 price, each 7 1/2c
POST TOASTIES, large size package 13c

Whitmore Shoe Polish, 25c package 11c
15c bottle shoe polish 7c
Rising Sun Shoe Polish, 10c cakes, each 6c

Van Camps Pork and Beans, No. 2 size, per can, 16c
A LOT OF ARM & HAMMER SALERATAS, packages slightly damaged, price ranges from 2c, 3c, 4c and 5c. The 5c packages not damaged.

LAUNDRY SOAP. A lot of white laundry soap soap—Bob White, Classic, Galvanic—5c the bar Limited to 25 bars to a customer

LUX for dainty clothes, such as laces, etc., pkg, 10c
Loyal Linen Washing Powder, pkg. 10c
Save-An-Egg (an egg substitute) It sells per pkg. 16c
Grape Nuts, the pkg. 11c

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